

Oracle

Exam Questions 1z0-1077-24

Oracle Order Management Cloud Order to Cash 2024 Implementation Professional



NEW QUESTION 1

You are using the Check Availability feature to explore alternative ways of promising a batch of five fulfillment lines in simulation mode. Which three attributes can you change to explore other promising options? (Choose three.)

- A. Requested Quantity
- B. Requested Ship-from warehouse
- C. Requested shipping method
- D. Allow substitute items
- E. Requested ship date
- F. Scheduled ship date

Answer: BCD

Explanation:

The values for the attributes that begin with requested, such as the Requested Item attribute and the Requested Ship-from Warehouse attribute, are initially determined by what the values are when you select the line in the Order Orchestration work area. You cannot change the values for many of the requested attributes, such as the Requested Item attribute, the Requested Quantity attribute, and the Requested Ship Date attribute. You can change or clear the values for the Requested Ship-from Warehouse attribute and the Requested Shipping Method attribute. There are also some additional attributes you can change, such as whether substitutions are allowed, to influence the results when you explore other promising option.

NEW QUESTION 2

Your customer is using Oracle Social Network for Order Management. They claim a conversation is being created for every order in the system, and that this is not required for automated order fulfillment.

What can be changed so that Oracle Social Network only creates conversations for sales orders that need them?

- A. When enabling the Sales Order object for Oracle Social Network use the manual mode.
- B. Disable the Sales Order object for Oracle Social Network.
- C. Turn off all conversations in Oracle Social Network.
- D. Remove access from users for certain orders that do not require conversations.
- E. When enabling the Sales Order object for Oracle Social Network, use the automatic mode.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Create social conversations only for conversations that the Order Entry Specialist manually initiates for each sales order. It is strongly recommended that you choose Manual.

NEW QUESTION 3

In a Cloud Order Management implementation, a customer has order capture and fulfillment systems located across the globe. The customer would like to ensure that the time zone is reflected in each transaction based on the location of the entity.

What step is required in order to achieve this business requirement?

- A. Select the time zone when importing a transaction to the Order Management System.
- B. Select the time zone in user preferences when entering a transaction.
- C. Select the time zone by using the prole option in the Functional Setup Manager.
- D. Select the time zone during the configuration of the Source system.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://docs.oracle.com/cloud/farel8/common/OAIMP/F1114493AN29A3B.htm>

NEW QUESTION 4

Available to promise rules are .

- A. Seeded using APICS conventions
- B. User defined in order management module
- C. User defined using a matrix of selectable criteria
- D. User defined in the global order promising module
- E. System assigned base upon the item type, cumulative lead time and un consumed forecast

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 5

You are implementing Oracle Cloud Pricing for a Fortune 500 hi-tech components distributor who operates on wafer thin margins. Identify a pricing rule associated with a pricing strategy that can be used for evaluating the margin.

- A. Currency conversion lists
- B. Cost Lists
- C. Discount Lists
- D. Price Lists
- E. Shipping charge lists

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 6

Your organization prices customer sales orders using multiple conditional attributes. Pricing Cloud has a feature that allows you to get values for these attributes on a pricing matrix according to a value set. You use the Domain Type attribute in a pricing matrix or matrix class to specify the value set. Which configuration is NOT supported by this feature?

- A. Use value set values to determine pricing algorithm.
- B. Use value set values to determine pricing segment.
- C. Use new value set domain type as part of a condition.
- D. Use values from a value set in a matrix.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Use value set values to determine pricing algorithm.

Pricing Cloud does not support using value set values to determine pricing algorithm. Pricing algorithm is a predefined formula that calculates the price of an item or service. You can use value set values to determine pricing segment, which is a group of customers who share common characteristics and pricing preferences. You can also use new value set domain type as part of a condition, which is a rule that evaluates whether a pricing strategy, segment, or matrix applies to a transaction. You can also use values from a value set in a matrix, which is a table that defines the price of an item or service based on one or more attributes.

References:

? Oracle Supply Chain Management Cloud: Order to Cash Release 12 New Features

? Oracle Supply Chain Management Cloud: Order to Cash Release 12 What??s New

? Oracle Pricing Cloud User??s Guide

NEW QUESTION 7

Your organization processes several types of highly specialized customer orders, which require you to create multiple types of configurator frameworks in order to support these various order types. As part of implementing and maintaining Configurator Cloud, you will be working heavily with workspaces.

Which three statements are true about workspaces?

- A. An effective date must be specified when you create a workspace.
- B. You can edit both the workspace name and description.
- C. You can edit the workspace description, but not the name.
- D. While creating a workspace, the name must be unique.
- E. To add a model to a workspace, you must modify it first.

Answer: ABD

Explanation:

A workspace is a container that holds one or more models and their associated user interfaces, rules, and data. A workspace enables you to create and manage multiple versions of your configurator frameworks in Configurator Cloud¹. The following statements are true about workspaces:

? An effective date must be specified when you create a workspace. The effective

date determines when the workspace becomes active and available for use. You can specify a past, present, or future date for the effective date².

? You can edit both the workspace name and description. You can change the name

and description of a workspace at any time, as long as the workspace is not locked by another user. The name must be unique within the Configurator Cloud instance².

? While creating a workspace, the name must be unique. You cannot create a

workspace with a name that already exists in the Configurator Cloud instance. The name must be alphanumeric and can include spaces and special characters².

References:

? Overview of Workspaces

? Create Workspaces

NEW QUESTION 8

Your client is a cell phone provider. Their customers must first buy a phone, then choose a data plan.

Your client has given you the requirement to define pricing setups where the cell phone device will be billed now, and the data plan will be billed on a monthly basis for the plan's duration, which is set for one year. You will be the administrator for this pricing program in Pricing Cloud.

How should you set up the price lists for these charges?

- A. Two lines with a pricing charge definition of Sale Price
- B. One line with a pricing charge definition of Sale Price; the other with a pricing charge definition of Recurring Sale Price
- C. Two lines with a pricing charge definition of One-Time Price
- D. Two lines with a pricing charge definition of Recurring Sale Price
- E. One line with a pricing charge definition of One-Time Price; the other with a pricing charge definition of Service Charge
- F. Two lines with a pricing charge definition of Service Charge

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 9

Your customer wants to prohibit updates to the ??Subcontractor License No?? field in a fulfillment line after a fulfillment line is closed. The ??Subcontractor License No?? field is a context-based extensible flexfield in the fulfillment line.

Identify the correct sequence of steps for setting up the preceding constraint.

- A. Create a constraint entity > Enable the extensible flexfield > Create a validation rule set > Create a record set > Create a processing constraint.
- B. Enable the extensible flexfield > Create a validation rule set > Create a record set > Create the processing constraint.
- C. Enable the extensible flexfield > Create a record set > Create a validation rule set > Create the processing constraint.
- D. Enable the extensible exfield > Create a validation rule set > Create the processing constraint.
- E. Create a constraint entity > Enable the extensible flexfield > Create a record set > Create a validation rule set > Create a processing constraint.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Extensible flexfields are not available on the Attributes menu of the Record Sets tab. To constrain the changes that a user can make in an extensible flexfield, do the following work: 1. Enable the extensible flexfield. 2. Create a validation rule set. 3. Create a processing constraint.

NEW QUESTION 10

Which three mandatory setups must be performed to create a purchase request for sales orders that will be fulfilled by a drop ship supplier?

- A. Select the Customer Sales Order Fulfillment check box under the Procurement offering.
- B. Define a sourcing rule of type Buy with a supplier and supplier site.
- C. Specify the preparer name in the Order Management parameters.
- D. Select the "Use Customer sales order" check box in the Group Requisitions section in the blanket purchase agreement.
- E. Create a business rule in Supply Chain Orchestration.

Answer: ABD

Explanation:

To create a purchase request for sales orders that will be fulfilled by a drop ship supplier, you need to perform the following mandatory setups¹:

- ? Select the Customer Sales Order Fulfillment check box under the Procurement offering. This enables the drop ship functionality in Procurement, which allows you to create purchase orders from sales orders and send them to the supplier who will ship the goods directly to the customer².
- ? Define a sourcing rule of type Buy with a supplier and supplier site. This enables Global Order Promising to determine the best supplier and supplier site to fulfill the sales order based on the sourcing rules. You need to specify the item, the supplier, the supplier site, the allocation percentage, and the priority for the sourcing rule³.
- ? Select the ??Use Customer sales order?? check box in the Group Requisitions section in the blanket purchase agreement. This enables Procurement to group the requisition lines by the customer sales order number when creating the purchase order. This ensures that the purchase order contains the same information as the sales order, such as the customer name, address, and contact details⁴.

References:

- ? How Drop Ship Works in Order Management
- ? Set Up Drop Ship in Order Management
- ? Define Sourcing Rules
- ? Create Blanket Purchase Agreements

NEW QUESTION 10

Which two tasks are used to set up statuses in the orchestration process configuration in Functional Setup Manager?

- A. Define Orchestration Status
- B. Manage Orchestration Status Values
- C. Manage Task Status Condition
- D. Manage Status Values

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 14

You have a requirement to configure a different user interface (UI) depending on the user accessing it.

For one hosting application, you want a full-featured interface where users can select all options. These users have product knowledge and, therefore, do not need to be guided as much.

For the other hosting application, you want a more guided interface that takes the users through each step and hides some of the product details that may be confusing.

How can you do this?

- A. By building this using different languages; for example, you can have the first hosting application to provide access by using American English and the second hosting application to provide access by using British English
- B. By doing nothing
- C. You cannot have more than one UI based on different applications that are accessing it
- D. All users will have to use the more simplified method.
- E. By using Dynamic Tree Navigation and making the first question that users are prompted with to be related to the interface that they want to use
- F. By building two separate user interfaces and for each UI and selecting the corresponding application under Applicability Parameters in the user interface setup
- G. By building a Configurator rule that shows different options based on the application that is accessing

Answer: D

Explanation:

By building two separate user interfaces and for each UI and selecting the corresponding application under Applicability Parameters in the user interface setup. This answer is correct because it allows you to create different user interfaces for different hosting applications, and control the visibility and behavior of each UI based on the applicability parameters. You can use the User Interface Setup task in the Setup and Maintenance work area to create and manage user interfaces for Oracle Order Management Cloud Order to Cash¹.

The other answers are incorrect for the following reasons:

? By building this using different languages; for example, you can have the first hosting application to provide access by using American English and the second hosting application to provide access by using British English: This answer is incorrect because using different languages does not change the user interface design or functionality. It only changes the language of the labels and messages that are displayed to the user.

? By doing nothing. You cannot have more than one UI based on different applications that are accessing it. All users will have to use the more simplified method: This answer is incorrect because you can have more than one UI based on different applications that are accessing it. You can use the applicability parameters to specify the hosting application for each UI, and the order of precedence to determine which UI to display when there are multiple matches¹.

? By using Dynamic Tree Navigation and making the first question that users are prompted with to be related to the interface that they want to use: This answer is incorrect because Dynamic Tree Navigation is a feature that enables you to create a guided selling experience for configurable products. It does not allow you to create different user interfaces for different hosting applications².

? By building a Configurator rule that shows different options based on the application that is accessing: This answer is incorrect because Configurator rules are used to define the logic and constraints for configurable products. They do not allow you to create different user interfaces for different hosting applications³.

References:

- ? Overview of User Interface Setup
- ? Overview of Dynamic Tree Navigation
- ? Overview of Configurator Rules

NEW QUESTION 16

Your customer requires order revisions from an external system. The customer is concerned that all order lines will have to be sent again in the revised order even though the customer typically changes only one or two lines. Which three statements are true? (Choose three.)

- A. Order lines can be canceled by sending a cancellation request.
- B. A revised order can contain just the updated order line.
- C. All order lines will have to be sent again in the revised order.
- D. Missing order lines are assumed to be canceled.
- E. Missing order lines are not assumed to be canceled.

Answer: ABD

NEW QUESTION 18

A manufacturer who ships perfumes across countries requires a cost breakdown associated with multiple shipping methods (air, land, and sea). Which four charges would you need to use in the ocean freight shipping rules? (Choose four.)

- A. Insurance
- B. Recurring
- C. Handling
- D. Freight
- E. Duty
- F. GSA

Answer: ACDE

NEW QUESTION 23

Which statement is NOT true about shipping tolerances?

- A. Only standard items are supported.
- B. Tolerance values can be modified in an order revision.
- C. Only customer shipments from warehouses are supported.
- D. Tolerances are supported for orders from multiple order entry channels.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Only customer shipments from warehouses are supported.

Shipping tolerances are not limited to customer shipments from warehouses. They also support drop ship orders, where ordered items are sourced from a supplier¹. Shipping tolerances are the acceptable variations in the quantity shipped for an order line, expressed as a percentage of the ordered quantity². You can set up shipping tolerances in Order Management to handle over-shipments and under-shipments of order lines³.

References:

- ? How Drop Ship Works in Order Management
- ? Guidelines for Setting Up Shipment Tolerances
- ? Set Up Shipping Tolerances in Order Management

NEW QUESTION 28

Your customer would like automatic e-mail notifications to be sent for specific business events. On the Manage Business Event Trigger Points page, which business event trigger points can be used to enable e-mail notifications?

- A. Order header status update and order attribute update
- B. Order header status update and hold
- C. Order attribute update and hold
- D. Change order compensation complete and hold
- E. Hold and split

Answer: A

Explanation:

Verified Answer A. Order header status update and order attribute update

Short but Comprehensive Explanation: In Oracle Order Management Cloud Order to Cash, business event trigger points can be used to enable e-mail notifications for specific events. The ??Order header status update?? and ??Order attribute update?? are among the business events that can trigger notifications¹². When these events occur, such as when details in a sales order change, a notification can be sent².

References:

- ? Overview of Using Business Events with Order Management
- ? Overview of Sending Notifications from Order Management to Other Systems

NEW QUESTION 33

Your customer is concerned about not having access to schedule orders and check availability when the Global Order Promising server is down. Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. Affected orders can be rescheduled based on supply chain availability search after server recovery.
- B. Global Order Promising continues promising orders based on supply chain availability search until the server or backup server can be restarted.
- C. Global Order Promising cannot continue promising orders, but the server or backup server is usually restarted quickly.
- D. Affected orders cannot be rescheduled based on supply chain availability search after server recovery.
- E. Global Order Promising continues promising orders based on lead-time availability until the server or backup server can be restarted.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 35

Your company is a manufacturer and distributor of CTO type of products globally, and uses Global Order Promising to promise its orders. You recently noticed that the promising results are determining the expected sources globally but not the least-cost ones. You want to understand the logic used by the GOP engine to derive the least-cost source.

Identify the four cost elements used by the cloud Global Order Promising engine to achieve the Profitable-to-Promise objective? (Choose four.)

- A. Cost of internal transfers between organizations
- B. Storage Cost (when the cost of holding that item in inventory is high)
- C. Overhead Cost
- D. Resource Consumption Cost (in case the end item is to be manufactured)
- E. Component Cost
- F. Standard Cost at internal organizations

Answer: ADEF

NEW QUESTION 38

Your customer wants to include externally managed manufacturing supplies in Global Order Promising results. What are the four steps that you perform to meet this requirement?

- A. Ensure that the organizations in your external systems are modeled in Oracle SCM Cloud as item organizations.
- B. Enable each external system as a collection source by using the Manage Planning Source Systems page.
- C. In the Planning Central area, select the Collect Planning Data task to complete the process of uploading your data.
- D. Load all of the data you require from your external system by using standard file uploads.
- E. In the Planning Central work area, select the "Load Planning Data from Flat Files" task to complete the process of uploading your data.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 41

Which component is NOT part of a Configurator Model Item Snapshot?

- A. Item Structure
- B. Operational Attributes
- C. User-Defined Attributes
- D. Extension Rules
- E. Structure Component Attributes

Answer: D

Explanation:

Extension rules are not part of a Configurator Model Item Snapshot. Extension rules are custom actions that you can define in the Configurator Modeling Environment to manipulate data on sales orders, such as adding, updating, copying, or returning lines. 1. A Configurator Model Item Snapshot is a copy of the item-based model structure that you import from the Product Information Management work area into the Configurator Models work area. 2. A Configurator Model Item Snapshot consists of the following components:

? Item Structure: The hierarchy of the model and its components, including the optional components that can be configured by the user.

? Operational Attributes: The attributes that control the behavior of the model and its components, such as the minimum and maximum quantity, the default quantity, and the pricing attributes.

? User-Defined Attributes: The additional attributes that you can add to the model

and its components to capture more information or to control the configuration process, such as the color, size, or style of an item.

? Structure Component Attributes: The attributes that define the relationship

between the model and its components, such as the inclusion rule, the exclusion rule, and the compatibility rule.

References:

? Examples of Order Management Extensions for Order Lines

? Import Item-Based Models into Configurator

? Configurator Model Item Snapshot

NEW QUESTION 45

A company manufactures and ships industrial water filters from its only factory unit in India. Which four types of lead time can the company use to create promising rules in lead-time promising mode? (Choose four.)

- A. total lead time
- B. processing lead time
- C. supplier lead time
- D. transit lead time
- E. cumulative total lead time
- F. cumulative manufacturing lead time
- G. user-defined lead time

Answer: AEFG

NEW QUESTION 48

Your company wants a category of goods to be globally sourced for certain regions in Europe. After setting up the sourcing rules, you attempt to assign them by using the Category and Region option, but the category is not on the list of values.

What is the problem?

- A. The Default Sourcing Assignment Set profile option is not set.
- B. The category set that is associated with the Sourcing Rule Category Set profile option is controlled at the organization level.
- C. The Default Sourcing Assignment Set profile option is set to a category set for the Item category set structure.
- D. A category set has not been selected under the Sourcing Rule Category Set profile option.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 51

Your client's implementation of Order Management Cloud requires multiple external systems to be integrated, including order capture systems and fulfillment systems. You can achieve much of this by utilizing web services.

Which attribute is NOT required when registering a web service on the Manage Web Service Details page?

- A. Connector description
- B. Connector URL
- C. Username and password
- D. Order Information Service
- E. Connector name

Answer: D

Explanation:

Order Information Service is not an attribute that is required when registering a web service on the Manage Web Service Details page. Order Information Service is a predefined web service that provides order information to external systems, such as order status, order details, and order changes¹. To register a web service on the Manage Web Service Details page, you must provide the following attributes²:

? Connector name: A unique name that identifies the web service.

? Connector description: A brief description of the web service and its purpose.

? Connector URL: The endpoint URL of the web service that Order Management will invoke.

? Username and password: The credentials that Order Management will use to authenticate with the web service.

References:

? Order Information Service

? Register a Web Service

NEW QUESTION 56

Your customer requires changes be made to the Order Management work areas. The customer would like to rearrange the tab layout and hide attributes. Which statement is true about this requirement and customizations that an administrator will be able to make?

- A. An administrator can only hide attributes and cannot rearrange the tab layout.
- B. An administrator can rearrange the tab layout, hide attributes, and add custom components such as links.
- C. An administrator cannot customize anything within the Order Management work areas.
- D. An administrator can rearrange the tab layout, hide attributes, and change default widths of columns and panels.
- E. An administrator can only add content and rearrange the tab layout
- F. They cannot hide attributes.

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 58

Your client sells to many customers across multiple industries. There is a new requirement to create a new pricing discount structure for a specific customer.

Which pricing configuration allows you to set conditional logic around the specific customer without changing the pricing strategy for all other customers?

- A. Tiered Pricing
- B. Pricing segments
- C. Pricing Matrices
- D. Pricing Algorithm

Answer: B

Explanation:

A pricing segment is a pricing entity that defines a set of conditions that must be met for a pricing strategy to apply. A pricing segment can include attributes such as customer, customer category, item, item category, order type, and so on. By creating a pricing segment for the specific customer, the client can set conditional logic around the customer without changing the pricing strategy for all other customers¹.

References:

? How Profiles, Segments, and Strategies Work Together

NEW QUESTION 60

Which two attributes can you use to group shipment lines into a single shipment? (Choose two.)

- A. Carrier
- B. FOB
- C. Item
- D. Sales Order
- E. Ship-to location

Answer: BE

Explanation:

A shipment comprises a set of shipment lines, grouped by certain common shipping attributes, that are scheduled to be shipped to a customer's ship-to location on a specific date and time. You can include items from different sales orders in a shipment. You can either manually or automatically group shipment lines to create a shipment. The shipment lines are grouped by the mandatory default criteria: ship-from location and ship-to location. However, you may also include additional grouping criteria, such as customer, freight terms, FOB (Free on board), and shipping method.

NEW QUESTION 64

Your organization continuously receives order revisions from customers, especially for additional products or services to support items they have already ordered on existing sales orders such as warranties or extended service agreements. Order Management supports order extensions that allow you to create a new line for

a standard item or service that is not already related to an existing line of such a sales order.
Which four types of line actions can be executed by this extension feature?

- A. Cancel
- B. Copy
- C. Update
- D. Create
- E. Read
- F. Return

Answer: BCDF

Explanation:

Order extensions are custom actions that you can define to manipulate data on sales orders, such as adding, updating, copying, or returning lines¹. You can use order extensions to handle order revisions from customers, such as adding additional products or services to support items they have already ordered². The four types of line actions that can be executed by this extension feature are:

? Copy: This action creates a new line by copying an existing line on the same order. You can specify the attributes to copy and the attributes to change on the new line¹.

? Update: This action updates one or more attributes of an existing line on the order. You can specify the attributes to update and the new values for them¹.

? Create: This action creates a new line on the order. You can specify the attributes and values for the new line¹.

? Return: This action creates a return order line for an existing line on the order. You can specify the attributes and values for the return line¹.

References:

? Examples of Order Management Extensions for Order Lines

? Overview of Order Management

NEW QUESTION 66

Identify the task that the seeded Warehouse Operator role can perform.

- A. monitor and release sales orders for picking in the warehouse
- B. search for a pick slip and confirm it
- C. process and confirm outbound shipments
- D. generate outbound shipping documentation
- E. generate pick slips for picking material for outbound material movement

Answer: B

Explanation:

The warehouse operator does the following work: Pick loads, including monitoring and performing the picking activity, and create pick slips for outbound shipments, replenishment, and requisition. Search for a pick slip and confirm the pick slip in a single action.

NEW QUESTION 71

Your company is implementing Order Management Cloud to manage the sales orders but fulfillment happens through third party logistics (3PL). What process should be executed to communicate to the 3PL system that the sales orders are ready to pick release and ship?

- A. Manage Shipments Interface
- B. Create Shipments
- C. Confirm Shipments
- D. Generate Shipments Request
- E. Send Shipments Advice

Answer: D

Explanation:

http://docs.oracle.com/cloud/latest/scmcgs_gs/FAIMS/FAIMS1796462.htm#FAIMS2605728

NEW QUESTION 74

Your client is implementing a robust combination of Oracle Cloud products, including Supply Chain Management, Enterprise Resource Planning, and Financials. As part of their Supply Chain implementation, they have a few requirements for multiple accounting methods, specifically in the area of costing. You are tasked with creating the various costing methods they will use. Which three methods represent valid costing methods that you can define?

- A. Perpetual Average Cost
- B. Actual Cost, also known as "FIFO"
- C. Frozen Standard Cost
- D. Layer cost, also known as "LIFO"
- E. Periodic Actual Cost

Answer: ABC

Explanation:

Oracle Order Management Cloud supports three costing methods: perpetual average cost, actual cost (FIFO), and frozen standard cost. Perpetual average cost is a method that calculates the average unit cost of an item by dividing the total cost of the item by the total quantity on hand. Actual cost (FIFO) is a method that assigns the actual cost of each receipt to the item, and uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) principle to determine the cost of goods sold. Frozen standard cost is a method that assigns a predetermined cost to the item, and uses the difference between the standard cost and the actual cost to calculate variances.

References:

? Overview of Costing Methods

? Costing Methods

NEW QUESTION 76

The orchestration process fulfillment task is performed by an external system and you need to register the connector to integrate the non-Fusion system. Which two steps would you perform to invoke the external connector service endpoint URL? (Choose two.)

- A. Create a new web service connector to register the endpoint URL.
- B. Create a new fulfillment task service to register the endpoint URL.
- C. Create a new routing rule for the fulfillment task to call the endpoint URL.
- D. Create a new routing rule for the fulfillment task to call the connector.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E25054_01/fusionapps.11111/e20386/F476421AN2E51E.htm

NEW QUESTION 77

Which change mode takes a snapshot of the following stages?

. When the orchestration process starts

When a change order is received at an orchestration process step

- A. Simple
- B. Incremental
- C. Advanced
- D. None

Answer: C

Explanation:

? Change mode is the way that Order Management handles changes to sales orders

during the orchestration process. Change mode determines when Order Management takes a snapshot of the orchestration process and how it applies changes to the fulfillment lines¹

? Simple change mode takes a snapshot only when the orchestration process starts. It applies changes to all fulfillment lines regardless of their status¹

? Incremental change mode takes a snapshot only when the orchestration process starts. It applies changes only to the fulfillment lines that are not yet completed¹

? Advanced change mode takes a snapshot when the orchestration process starts and when a change order is received at an orchestration process step. It applies changes to the fulfillment lines based on the snapshot and the current status of the lines¹

? None change mode does not take any snapshot and does not apply any changes to the fulfillment lines¹

? Therefore, the correct answer is C. Advanced, because it is the only change mode that takes a snapshot of the following stages: when the orchestration process starts and when a change order is received at an orchestration process step.

References:

1: Change Mode

NEW QUESTION 81

Your company wants to default the preferred fulfillment warehouse and scheduled ship date as order requested date during order import and skip the scheduling task for a particular order type.

What are the two business rules that must be configured to achieve this requirement? (Choose two.)

- A. Define a branching condition rule.
- B. Define a lead time expression rule.
- C. Define a line selection criteria rule for the scheduling task.
- D. Define a compensation pattern rule.
- E. Define a pre-transformation defaulting rule.

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 84

You want to edit a model, but want to make sure that you have the most current updates in your model.

Which two steps should you perform to verify and update your model to have the most current updates?

- A. Verify that the Snapshot status is "Updates in workspace".
- B. Verify that the Snapshot status is "Modified".
- C. No action required, because changes made to an item structure in Product Information Management are automatically reflected in any active model that contains that structure.
- D. Verify that the Snapshot status is "Updates not in workspace".
- E. Verify that the Snapshot status is "Released".
- F. Use the "Add Updated Item Snapshots for Models" command on the Workspace page to add the updated snapshots to the model's workspace.

Answer: DF

Explanation:

Verify that the Snapshot status is ??Updates not in workspace?? and F. Use the ??Add Updated Item Snapshots for Models?? command on the Workspace page to add the updated snapshots to the model??s workspace.

These are the two steps that you should perform to verify and update your model to have the most current updates. A snapshot is a copy of the item-based model structure that you import from the Product Information Management work area into the Configurator Models work area¹. The snapshot status indicates whether the snapshot has any changes that are not yet reflected in the model??s workspace². If the snapshot status is ??Updates not in workspace??, it means that there are changes made to the item structure in the Product Information Management work area that are not yet imported into the Configurator Models work area. You can use the ??Add Updated Item Snapshots for Models?? command on the Workspace page to add the updated snapshots to the model??s workspace. This command updates the model structure with the latest changes from the Product Information Management work area³.

References:

? Import Item-Based Models into Configurator

? Snapshot Status
? Add Updated Item Snapshots for Models

NEW QUESTION 85

Your company, which is a global major in farming equipment, has products ranging from make-to-stock fast moving items, assembled-on-demand items, and complex configurable items with manufacturing plants and distribution centers spread across the US, Europe, and China. The company is deploying Oracle Cloud Order Management, and wants to evaluate the different promising modes that are possible through cloud Global Order Promising for its products. Which three promising modes are possible through GOP for the company??s products? (Choose three.)

- A. lead times
- B. infinite availability
- C. global availability
- D. zone-based availability
- E. supply chain availability

Answer: ABE

Explanation:

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/saas/supply-chain-management/r13-update17d/fascp/manage-order-promising-rules.html#FASCP1127104>

ATP Rule Promising Modes: ExplainedThe promising mode of an available-to-promise (ATP) rule determines which set of attributes the order promising logic evaluates when determining ATP results. When creating an ATP rule on the Manage ATP Rules page, the first thing that you must specify is which of the three promising modes is applicable to the ATP rule.

These are the three promising modes: Supply chain availability search

Lead time based Infinite availability based

NEW QUESTION 90

Your company has a single global installation that contains Oracle Cloud Product Management, Oracle Cloud Trading Community Model, and Cloud Order Management. It has all the execution systems implemented in tandem with Global Order Promising. The Master data elements have also been migrated to their respective areas. The next step is to run the data collection program to load the planning data repository.

Which five data elements will the collection program load into the planning data repository? (Choose five.)

- A. Currencies
- B. Shipping methods
- C. Suppliers
- D. Customers
- E. Items
- F. Cross-referenced data
- G. Calendars

Answer: CDEFG

NEW QUESTION 94

A company manufactures and ships industrial water filtersfrom its only factory unit in India.

Which four types of lead time can the company use to create promising rules in lead-time promising mode?

- A. Supplier lead time
- B. Transit lead time
- C. Total lead time
- D. Processing lead time
- E. User-defined lead time
- F. Cumulative manufacturing lead time
- G. Cumulative total lead time

Answer: BDEF

Explanation:

Oracle Order Management Cloud Order to Cash supports four types of lead time that can be used to create promising rules in lead-time promising mode1. These are:

? Transit lead time: The time required to ship the item from the source location to the destination location.

? Processing lead time: The time required to process the item at the source location before shipping it.

? User-defined lead time: The time that you can define for any specific purpose, such as quality inspection, packaging, or customs clearance.

? Cumulative manufacturing lead time: The total time required to manufacture the item from its raw materials or components.

References:

? How the Lead Time Based Promising Mode Determines Promising

NEW QUESTION 96

Your company is using Order Management Cloud to capture orders, and has integrated with a legacy inventory application for order fulfillment. A fulfillment request needs to be aggregated and sent to an external inventory application.

What step would you perform to aggregate the request?

- A. Create a new custom task by using the Shipment Task Layer.
- B. Create a new custom task by using the Fulfillment Task Layer.
- C. Create a new custom task by using the Supply Task Layer.
- D. Configure a fulfillment task routing rule with aggregation criteria based on time limit or total number of lines.

Answer: D

Explanation:

https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E56614_01/scmop_gs/FAOFO/F1171442AN11B74.htm

NEW QUESTION 97

You deployed the Extensible Flexfield (EFF) successfully but it is not visible in the order capture additional information section. What are the two reasons for this?

- A. The EFF context is not associated with the page.
- B. The EFF segments are incomplete.
- C. The EFF has not been compiled.
- D. The EFF definition needs to be frozen.
- E. The custom extensible flexfields are not published.

Answer: AE

Explanation:

These are the two reasons why the Extensible Flexfield (EFF) is not visible in the order capture additional information section. An EFF is a user-defined flexfield that you can use to capture additional information on sales orders, such as trade compliance, call center details, or source order status¹. To make an EFF visible in the order capture additional information section, you need to perform the following steps²:

? Associate the EFF context with the page: You need to specify which page in the

Order Management work area will display the EFF, such as the order header or the order line. You can use the Pages tab in the Manage Order Extensible Flexfields task to associate the EFF context with the page.

? Publish the custom extensible flexfields: You need to deploy the EFF to the

database and make it available for use. You can use the Deploy Flexfield task to publish the custom extensible flexfields.

References:

? Overview of Setting Up Extensible Flexfields in Order Management

? Set Up Extensible Flexfields in Order Management

? [Manage Order Extensible Flexfields]

? [Deploy Flexfield]

NEW QUESTION 98

What will happen in the Configurator runtime UI when the LX-Luxury Package option is selected that has the following constraint rules?

. 'LX-Luxury Package' IMPLIES '8-way Power Driver Seat'

. 'LX-Luxury Package' IMPLIES '8-way Power Passenger Seat'

. 'LX-Luxury Package' IMPLIES 'Cloth'

- A. '8-way Power Driver Seat' will be selected but '8-way Power Passenger Seat' and 'Cloth' will be excluded.
- B. All the options after the IMPLIES keyword will be selected.
- C. '8-way Power Driver Seat' and '8-way Power Passenger Seat' will be selected but 'Cloth' will be excluded.
- D. All the options after the IMPLIES keyword will be excluded.
- E. '8-way Power Driver Seat' and 'Cloth' will be selected but '8-way Power Passenger Seat' will be excluded.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The IMPLIES keyword is used to create a configurator rule that specifies a logical implication between two expressions. The syntax of the IMPLIES keyword is: expression1 IMPLIES expression2

This means that if expression1 is true, then expression2 must also be true. However, if expression1 is false, then expression2 can be either true or false¹. In the Configurator runtime UI, the IMPLIES keyword can be used to show or hide options based on the selection of features. For example, the following rule:

'LX-Luxury Package' IMPLIES '8-way Power Driver Seat'

means that if the LX-Luxury Package feature is selected, then the 8-way Power Driver Seat option must also be selected. However, if the LX-Luxury Package feature is not selected, then the 8-way Power Driver Seat option can be either selected or not selected.

Therefore, when the LX-Luxury Package option is selected, all the options after the IMPLIES keyword will be selected, according to the constraint rules. This means that the 8-way Power Driver Seat, the 8-way Power Passenger Seat, and the Cloth options will be selected.

References:

? How to Use the IMPLIES Keyword

NEW QUESTION 100

Which statement is true about the definition of source systems in Functional Setup manager?

- A. All order capture and fulfillment systems are defined as Spoke systems.
- B. The Oracle Fusion order capture and fulfillment system is defined as Fusion.
- C. All external order capture systems are defined as Spoke systems and the Fusion fulfillment system is defined as Fusion.
- D. All external order capture systems are defined as Spoke systems and external fulfillment systems are defined as purchased.

Answer: A

Explanation:

You can specify whether the source system is a spoke system, such as a legacy system, or a purchased system, such as data from a third party provider. Type can be only ??Spoke?? or ??Purchased??. There is no type called ??Fusion??.

NEW QUESTION 105

Which reporting tool enables you to create ad hoc reports in Excel, Word, or PowerPoint by using BI subject areas?

- A. BI Answers
- B. BI Composer
- C. SmartView integration
- D. eText report layout templates

Answer: C

Explanation:

SmartView integration is a reporting tool that enables you to create ad hoc reports in Excel, Word, or PowerPoint by using BI subject areas. BI subject areas are predefined data sets that contain the business metrics and attributes that you can use to create reports and analyses. SmartView integration allows you to access the BI subject areas from within the Microsoft Office applications, and use the familiar features and functions of those applications to create and format your reports¹.

References:

? Overview of SmartView Integration

NEW QUESTION 109

Which two activities can you perform by using Global Order Promising??s stand-alone work area? (Choose two.)

- A. You can split quantities against a Sales Order Line to perform what-if simulations and evaluate better ways of promising an order.
- B. You can re-schedule order lines that are already scheduled.
- C. You can initiate back-to-back orders to expedite fulfillment of lines with a delayed schedule ship date.
- D. You can simulate the Capable-to-Promise option in place of the Available-to-Promise option for quicker fulfillment.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 111

Your client is creating a promotional pricing discount for older-model tablets. The promotion is as follows:

- . Qty 1-5: Priced at 10% off list price
- . Qty 6-10: Priced at 15% off list price
- . Qty 11+: Priced at 20% off list price

Which pricing configuration should be used to achieve this?

- A. Create separate price lists for each percentage
- B. Create a custom algorithm
- C. Create a tier- based discount list
- D. Create a pricing matrix

Answer: C

Explanation:

A tier-based discount list is a pricing strategy that applies a different discount percentage based on the quantity of the item ordered. A tier-based discount list enables you to define the tier basis type, the aggregation method, the adjustment type, the adjustment basis, the application method, and the tiered pricing rules for the discount¹. By creating a tier-based discount list using the given parameters, the client can achieve the requirement of offering 10%, 15%, and 20% discounts for different quantity ranges of the older-model tablets. References:

? How Pricing Works with Tiered Pricing

NEW QUESTION 113

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