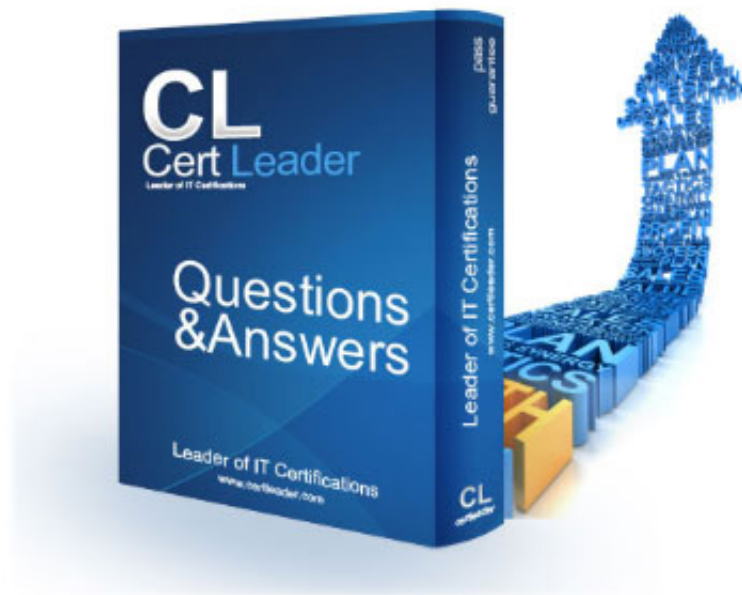


AZ-303 Dumps

Microsoft Azure Architect Technologies (beta)

<https://www.certleader.com/AZ-303-dumps.html>





NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to configure the Device settings to meet the technical requirements and the user requirements. Which two settings should you modify? To answer, select the appropriate settings in the answer area.

Answer Area

 Save
  Discard

Users may join devices to Azure AD ⓘ

All
 Selected
 None

Selected
 No member selected

Additional local administrators on Azure AD joined devices ⓘ

Selected
 None

Selected
 No member selected

Users may register their devices with Azure AD ⓘ

All
 None

Require Multi-Factor Auth to join devices ⓘ

Yes
 No

Maximum number of devices per user ⓘ

50

Users may sync settings and app data across devices ⓘ

All
 Selected
 None

Selected
 No member selected

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Selected

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to recommend an identify solution that meets the technical requirements. What should you recommend?

- A. federated single-on (SSO) and Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS)
- B. password hash synchronization and single sign-on (SSO)
- C. cloud-only user accounts
- D. Pass-through Authentication and single sign-on (SSO)

Answer: D

Explanation:

Active Directory Federation Services is a feature and web service in the Windows Server Operating System that allows sharing of identity information outside a company's network.

Scenario: Technical Requirements include:

Prevent user passwords or hashes of passwords from being stored in Azure. References: <https://www.sherweb.com/blog/active-directory-federation-services/>

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to move the blueprint files to Azure. What should you do?

- A. Generate a shared access signature (SAS). Map a drive, and then copy the files by using File Explorer.
- B. Use the Azure Import/Export service.
- C. Generate an access ke
- D. Map a drive, and then copy the files by using File Explorer.
- E. Use Azure Storage Explorer to copy the files.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Azure Storage Explorer is a free tool from Microsoft that allows you to work with Azure Storage data on Windows, macOS, and Linux. You can use it to upload and download data from Azure blob storage.

Scenario:

Planned Changes include: move the existing product blueprint files to Azure Blob storage. Technical Requirements include: Copy the blueprint files to Azure over the Internet. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/team-data-science-process/move-data-to-azure-blob-us>

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure key vault named KeyVault1 and the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Connected to
VM1	VNET1/Subnet1
VM2	VNET1/Subnet2

KeyVault1 has an access policy that provides several users with Create Key permissions. You need to ensure that the users can only register secrets in KeyVault1 from VM1. What should you do?

- A. Create a network security group (NSG) that is linked to Subnet1.
- B. Configure the Firewall and virtual networks settings for KeyVault1.
- C. Modify the access policy for KeyVault1.
- D. Configure KeyVault1 to use a hardware security module (HSM).

Answer: C

Explanation:

You grant data plane access by setting Key Vault access policies for a key vault. Note 1: Grant our VM's system-assigned managed identity access to the Key Vault.

- > Select Access policies and click Add new.
- > In Configure from template, select Secret Management.
- > Choose Select Principal, and in the search field enter the name of the VM you created earlier. Select the VM in the result list and click Select.
- > Click OK to finishing adding the new access policy, and OK to finish access policy selection.

Note 2: Access to a key vault is controlled through two interfaces: the management plane and the data plane. The management plane is where you manage Key Vault itself. Operations in this plane include creating and deleting key vaults, retrieving Key Vault properties, and updating access policies. The data plane is where you work with the data stored in a key vault. You can add, delete, and modify keys, secrets, and certificates.

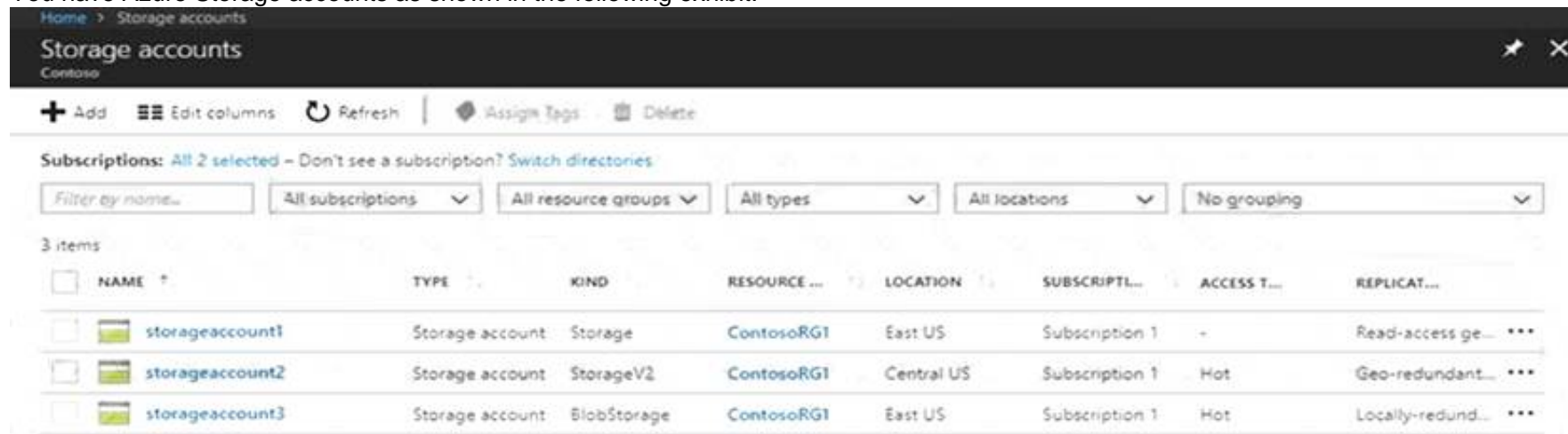
Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/tutorial-windows-vm> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/secure-your-key-vault2>

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have Azure Storage accounts as shown in the following exhibit.



The screenshot shows the Azure portal interface for 'Storage accounts' under the 'Contoso' subscription. It displays a table with 3 items. The table columns are: NAME, TYPE, KIND, RESOURCE, LOCATION, SUBSCRIPTION, ACCESS T, and REPLICAT. The data rows are:

NAME	TYPE	KIND	RESOURCE	LOCATION	SUBSCRIPTION	ACCESS T	REPLICAT
storageaccount1	Storage account	Storage	ContosoRG1	East US	Subscription 1	-	Read-access ge...
storageaccount2	Storage account	StorageV2	ContosoRG1	Central US	Subscription 1	Hot	Geo-redundant...
storageaccount3	Storage account	BlobStorage	ContosoRG1	East US	Subscription 1	Hot	Locally-redund...

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

You can use [answer choice] for Azure Table Storage.

storageaccount1 only
storageaccount2 only
storageaccount3 only
storageaccount1 and storageaccount2 only
storageaccount2 and storageaccount3 only

You can use [answer choice] for Azure Blob storage.

storageaccount3 only
storageaccount2 and storageaccount3 only
storageaccount1 and storageaccount3 only
all the storage accounts

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Note: The three different storage account options are: General-purpose v2 (GPv2) accounts, General-purpose v1 (GPv1) accounts, and Blob storage accounts.

- General-purpose v2 (GPv2) accounts are storage accounts that support all of the latest features for blobs, files, queues, and tables.
- Blob storage accounts support all the same block blob features as GPv2, but are limited to supporting only block blobs.
- General-purpose v1 (GPv1) accounts provide access to all Azure Storage services, but may not have the latest features or the lowest per gigabyte pricing.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-options>

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1 that is used by several departments at your company. Subscription1 contains the resources in the following table.

Name	Type
Storage1	Storage account
RG1	Resource group
Container1	Blob container
Share1	File share

Another administrator deploys a virtual machine named VM1 and an Azure Storage account named Storage2 by using a single Azure Resource Manager template. You need to view the template used for the deployment.

From which blade can you view the template that was used for the deployment?

- A. Container1
- B. VM1
- C. Storage2
- D. RG1

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 2)

You create a virtual machine scale set named Scale1. Scale1 is configured as shown in the following exhibit. The subscription contains the Azure SQL databases shown in the following table.

INSTANCES

* Instance count ⓘ

4 ✓

* Instance size (View full pricing details) ⓘ

DS1_v2 (1 vCPU, 3.5 GB) ✓

Deploy as low priority ⓘ

No Yes

Use managed disks ⓘ

No Yes

+ Show advanced settings

AUTOSCALE

Autoscale ⓘ

Disabled Enabled

* Minimum number of VMs ⓘ

2 ✓

* Maximum number of VMs ⓘ

10 ✓

Scale out

* CPU threshold (%) ⓘ

80 ✓

* Number of VMs to increase by ⓘ

2 ✓

Scale in

* CPU threshold (%) ⓘ

30 ✓

* Number of VMs to decrease by ⓘ

4 ✓

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

If Scale1 is utilized at 85 percent for six minutes, Scale1 will be running [answer choice].

2 virtual machines

4 virtual machines

6 virtual machines

8 virtual machines

10 virtual machines

If Scale1 is first utilized at 25 percent for six minutes, and then utilized at 50 percent for six minutes, Scale1 will be running [answer choice].

2 virtual machines

4 virtual machines

6 virtual machines

8 virtual machines

10 virtual machines

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

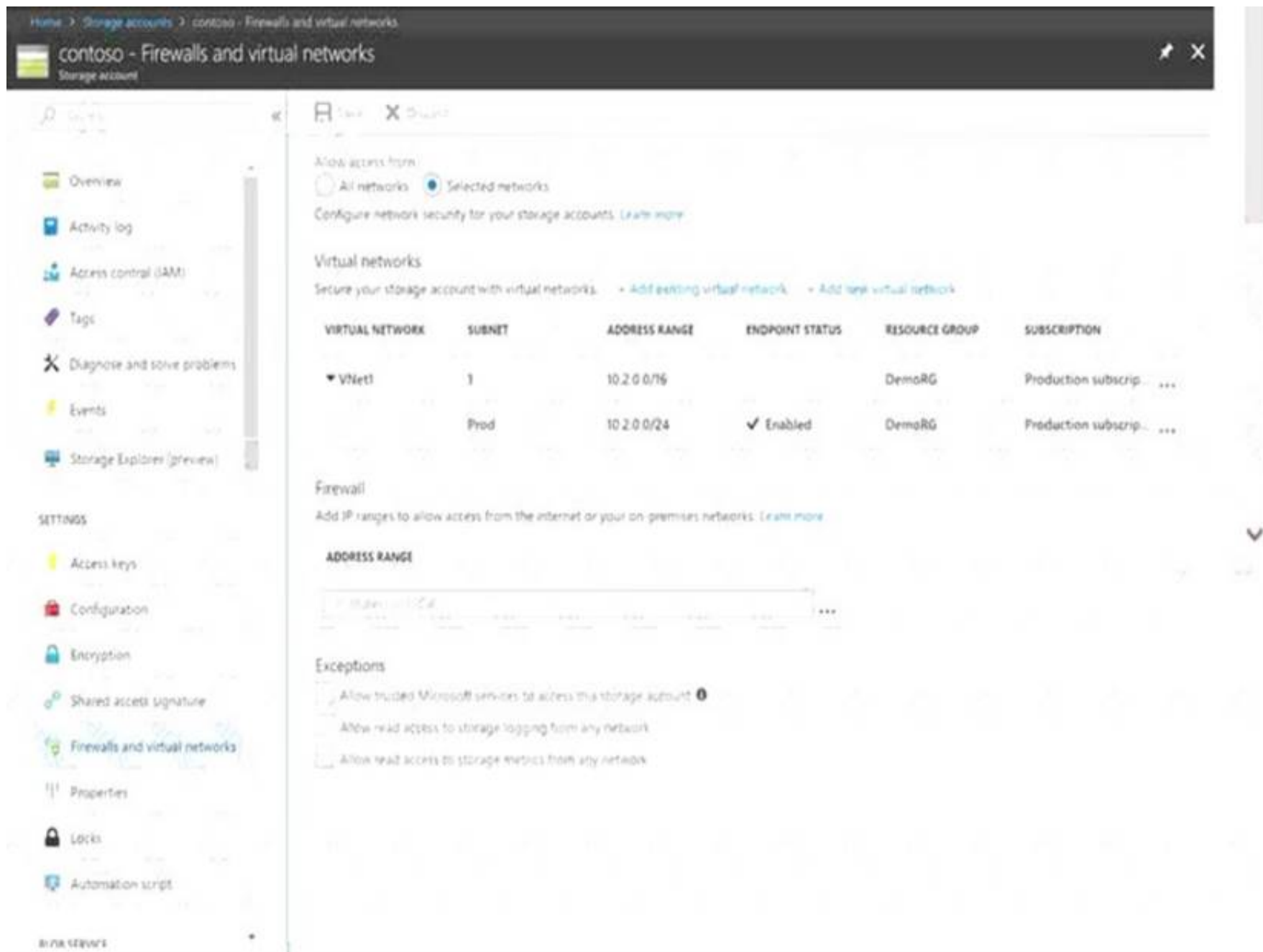
Box 1:
The Autoscale scale out rule increases the number of VMs by 2 if the CPU threshold is 80% or higher. The initial instance count is 4 and rises to 6 when the 2 extra instances of VMs are added.

Box 2:
The Autoscale scale in rule decreases the number of VMs by 4 if the CPU threshold is 30% or lower. The initial instance count is 4 and thus cannot be reduced to 0 as the minimum instances is set to 2. Instances are only added when the CPU threshold reaches 80%.

References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/autoscale-overview>
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/autoscale-best-practices> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/autoscale-common-scale-patterns>

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 2)
You have several Azure virtual machines on a virtual network named VNet1. You configure an Azure Storage account as shown in the following exhibit.



Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

The virtual machines on the 10.2.9.0/24 subnet will have network connectivity to the file shares in the storage account [answer choice].

always
during a backup
never

Azure Backup will be able to back up the unmanaged hard disks of the virtual machines in the storage account [answer choice].

always
during a backup
never

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

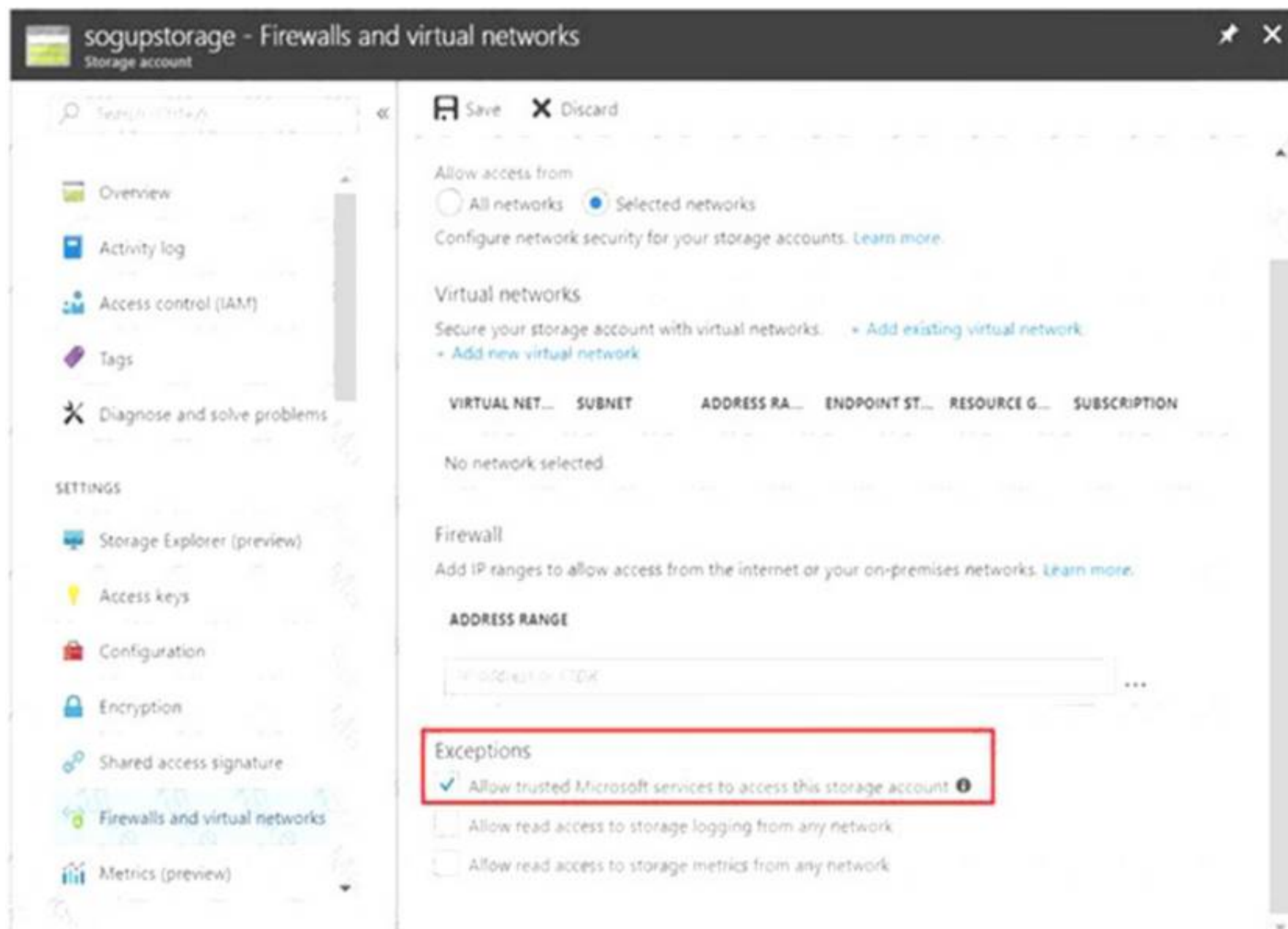
Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Never

Box 2: Never

After you configure firewall and virtual network settings for your storage account, select Allow trusted Microsoft services to access this storage account as an exception to enable Azure Backup service to access the network restricted storage account.



<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-how-to-use-files-windows> <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/blog/azure-backup-now-supports-storage-accounts-secured-with-azure-storage>

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2019. Server1 is a container host. You are creating a Dockerfile to build a container image.

You need to add a file named File1.txt from Server1 to a folder named C:\Folder1 in the container image. Solution: You add the following line to the Dockerfile.

ADD File1.txt C:/Folder1/

You then build the container image. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Copy is the correct command to copy a file to the container image. The ADD command can also be used. However, the root directory is specified as '/' and not as 'C:/'.

Reference:

https://docs.docker.com/develop/develop-images/dockerfile_best-practices/#add-or-copy <https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that contains a group named Group1. You need to enable multi-factor authentication (MFA) for the users in Group1 only.

Solution: From the Azure portal, you configure an authentication method policy. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

We should use a Conditional Access policy.

Note: There are two ways to secure user sign-in events by requiring multi-factor authentication in Azure AD. The first, and preferred, option is to set up a Conditional Access policy that requires multi-factor authentication under certain conditions. The second option is to enable each user for Azure Multi-Factor Authentication. When users are enabled individually, they perform multi-factor authentication each time they sign in (with some exceptions, such as when they sign in from trusted IP addresses or when the remembered devices feature is turned on).

Enabling Azure Multi-Factor Authentication using Conditional Access policies is the recommended approach. Changing user states is no longer recommended unless your licenses don't include Conditional Access as it requires users to perform MFA every time they sign in.
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/authentication/howto-mfa-userstates>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 2)

Your company has an office in Seattle.

You have an Azure subscription that contains a virtual network named VNET1. You create a site-to-site VPN between the Seattle office and VNET1.

VNET1 contains the subnets shown in the following table.

Name	IP address space
Subnet1	10.1.1.0/24
GatewaySubnet	10.1.200.0/28

You need to redirect all Internet-bound traffic from Subnet1 to the Seattle office. What should you create?

- A. a route for Subnet1 That uses the virtual network gateway as the next hop
- B. a route for GatewaySubnet that uses the virtual network gateway as the next hop
- C. a route for GatewaySubnet that uses the local network gateway as the next hop
- D. a route for Subnet1 that uses The local network gateway as the next hop

Answer: B

Explanation:

A route with the 0.0.0.0/0 address prefix instructs Azure how to route traffic destined for an IP address that is not within the address prefix of any other route in a subnet's route table. When a subnet is created, Azure creates a default route to the 0.0.0.0/0 address prefix, with the Internet next hop type. We need to create a custom route in Azure to use a virtual network gateway in the Seattle office as the next hop.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-networks-udr-overview>

NEW QUESTION 14

- (Exam Topic 2)

Your company has the groups shown in the following table.

Group	Number of members
Managers	10
Sales	100
Development	15

The company has an Azure subscription that contains an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com.

An administrator named Admin1 attempts to enable Enterprise State Roaming for all the users in the Managers group.

Admin1 reports that the options for Enterprise State Roaming are unavailable from Azure AD. You verify that Admin1 is assigned the Global administrator role.

You need to ensure that Admin1 can enable Enterprise State Roaming. What should you do?

- A. Enforce Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) for Admin1.
- B. Purchase an Azure AD Premium P1 license for each user in the Managers group.
- C. Assign an Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) role to Admin1.
- D. Purchase an Azure Rights Management (Azure RMS) license for each user in the Managers group.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Enterprise State Roaming is available to any organization with an Azure AD Premium or Enterprise Mobility + Security (EMS) license.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/bs-latn-ba/azure/active-directory/devices/enterprise-state-roaming-enable>

NEW QUESTION 15

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the Azure SQL servers shown in the following table.

Name	Region	In resource group
Sql1	West US	RG1
Sql2	West US	RG1

The subscription contains the elastic pool shown in the following table.

Name	On Azure SQL server
Pool1	Sql1
Pool2	Sql1
Pool3	Sql2

The subscription contains the Azure SQL databases shown in the following table.

Name	On Azure SQL server	Pool
DB1	Sql1	Pool1
DB2	Sql1	Pool2
DB3	Sql1	None

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
DB1 can be removed from Pool1 and added to Pool2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
DB2 can be removed from Pool2 and added to Pool3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
DB3 can be added to Pool1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Note: You cannot add databases from different servers into the same pool Box 1: Yes

Pool2 contains DB2 but DB1 and DB2 are on Sql1. DB1 can thus be added to Pool2. Box 2: Yes

Pool3 is empty. Box 3: Yes

Pool1 contains DB1 but DB3 and DB1 are on Sql1. DB3 can thus be added to Pool1. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-elastic-pool>

NEW QUESTION 17

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a resource group named RG1. You have a group named Group1 that is assigned the Contributor role for RG1.

You need to enhance security for the virtual machines in RG1 to meet the following requirements:

- Prevent Group1 from assigning external IP addresses to the virtual machines.
- Ensure that Group1 can establish an RDP connection to the virtual machines through a shared external IP address.

What should you use to meet each requirement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Prevent Group1 from assigning external IP addresses to the virtual machines:	<div> <div>Azure Policy</div> <div>Azure Bastion</div> <div>Virtual network service endpoints</div> <div>Azure Firewall</div> <div>Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)</div> </div>
Ensure that Group1 can establish an RDP connection to the virtual machines through a shared external IP address:	<div> <div>Azure Policy</div> <div>Azure Bastion</div> <div>Virtual network service endpoints</div> <div>Azure Firewall</div> <div>Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)</div> </div>

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Prevent Group1 from assigning external IP addresses to the virtual machines:

Azure Policy
Azure Bastion
Virtual network service endpoints
Azure Firewall
Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)

Ensure that Group1 can establish an RDP connection to the virtual machines through a shared external IP address:

Azure Policy
Azure Bastion
Virtual network service endpoints
Azure Firewall
Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)

NEW QUESTION 20

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Kind	Performance tier	Replication	Location
storage1	StorageV2	Premium	Locally-redundant storage (LRS)	East US
storage2	Storage	Standard	Geo-redundant storage (GRS)	UK West
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard	Locally-redundant storage (LRS)	North Europe

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
storage1 can host Azure file shares.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
There are six copies of the data in storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
storage3 can be converted to a GRS account.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
storage1 can host Azure file shares.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
There are six copies of the data in storage2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
storage3 can be converted to a GRS account.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION 22

- (Exam Topic 2)

You plan to automate the deployment of a virtual machine scale set that uses the Windows Server 2016 Datacenter image. You need to ensure that when the scale set virtual machines are provisioned, they have web server components installed. Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a new virtual machine scale set in the Azure portal.
- B. Create an automation account.
- C. Upload a configuration script.

- D. Modify the extensionProfile section of the Azure Resource Manager template.
- E. Create an Azure policy.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machine-scale-sets/tutorial-install-apps-template>

NEW QUESTION 27

- (Exam Topic 2)

You plan to create an Azure Storage account named storage1 that will store blobs and be accessed by Azure Databricks.

You need to ensure that you can set permissions for individual blobs by using Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) authentication.

Which Advanced setting should you enable for storage1?

- A. Hierarchical namespace
- B. Large file shares
- C. Blob soft delete
- D. NFSv3

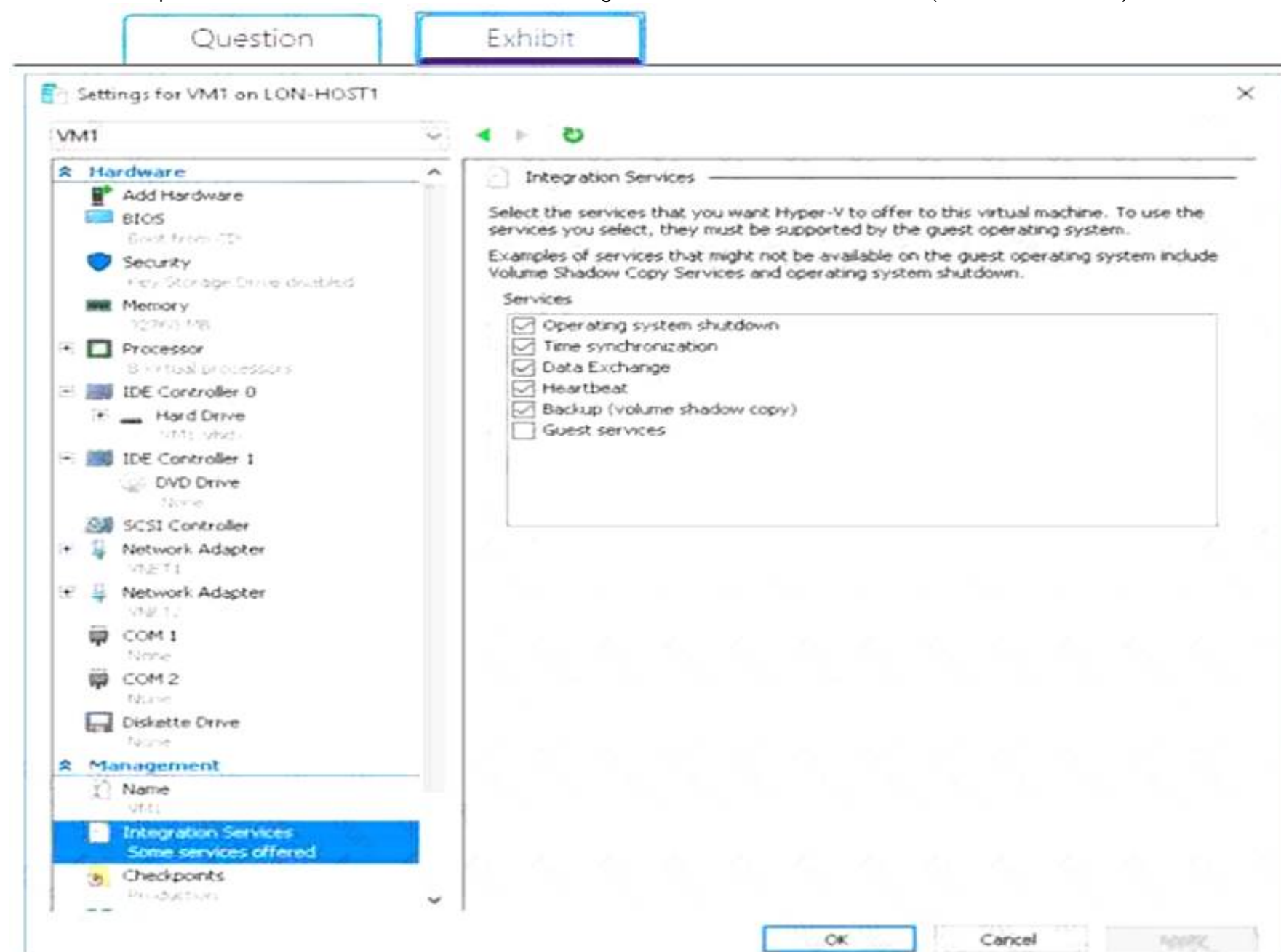
Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 28

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription.

You have an on-premises virtual machine named VM1. The settings for VM1 are shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit tab.)



You need to ensure that you can use the disks attached to VM1 as a template for Azure virtual machines. What should you modify on VM1?

- A. the hard drive
- B. Integration Services
- C. the memory
- D. the network adapters
- E. the processor

Answer: A

Explanation:

From the exhibit we see that the disk is in the VHDX format.

Before you upload a Windows virtual machines (VM) from on-premises to Microsoft Azure, you must prepare the virtual hard disk (VHD or VHDX). Azure supports only generation 1 VMs that are in the VHD file format and have a fixed sized disk. The maximum size allowed for the VHD is 1,023 GB. You can convert a generation 1 VM from the VHDX file system to VHD and from a dynamically expanding disk to fixed-sized.

References:

[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/prepare-for-upload-vhd-image?toc=azure virtual-machines windows toc.json](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/prepare-for-upload-vhd-image?toc=azure%20virtual-machines%20windows%20toc.json)

NEW QUESTION 33

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1. Subscription1 contains the resources in the following table:

Name	Type
RG1	Resource group
RG2	Resource group
VNet1	Virtual network
VNet2	Virtual network

VNet1 is in RG1. VNet2 is in RG2. There is no connectivity between VNet1 and VNet2. An administrator named Admin1 creates an Azure virtual machine VM1 in RG1. VM1 uses a disk named Disk1 and connects to VNet1. Admin1 then installs a custom application in VM1.

You need to move the custom application to VNet2. The solution must minimize administrative effort. Which two actions should you perform? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

First action:

	▼
Create a network interface in RG2.	
Detach a network interface.	
Delete VM1.	
Move a network interface to RG2.	

Second action:

	▼
Attach a network interface.	
Create a network interface in RG2.	
Create a new virtual machine.	
Move VM1 to RG2.	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

We cannot just move a virtual machine between networks. What we need to do is identify the disk used by the VM, delete the VM itself while retaining the disk, and recreate the VM in the target virtual network and then attach the original disk to it.

Reference:

<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/canitpro/2014/06/16/step-by-step-move-a-vm-to-a-different-vnet-on-azure/>

<https://4sysops.com/archives/move-an-azure-vm-to-another-virtual-network-vnet/#migrate-an-azure-vm-between-virtual-networks>

NEW QUESTION 34

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1 that contains a virtual network named VNet1. You add the users in the following table.

User	Role
User1	Owner
User2	Security Admin
User3	Network Contributor

Which user can perform each configuration? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Add a subnet to VNet1:

	▼
User1 only	
User3 only	
User1 and User3 only	
User2 and User3 only	
User1, User2, and User3	

Assign a user the Reader role to VNet1:

	▼
User1 only	
User2 only	
User3 only	
User1 and User2 only	
User2 and User3 only	
User1, User2, and User3	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: User1 and User3 only.

The Owner Role lets you manage everything, including access to resources.

The Network Contributor role lets you manage networks, but not access to them. Box 2: User1

The Security Admin role: In Security Center only: Can view security policies, view security states, edit security policies, view alerts and recommendations, dismiss alerts and recommendations.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/role-based-access-control/built-in-roles>

NEW QUESTION 38

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company is deploying an on-premises application named Appl. Users will access App1 by using a URL of <https://app1.contoso.com>. You register App1 in Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and publish Appl by using the Azure AD Application Proxy. You need to ensure that Appl appears in the My Apps portal for all the users.

Solution: You create an offer for App1 and publish the offer to Azure Marketplace.

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 39

- (Exam Topic 2)

: 292 HOTSPOT

From Azure Cosmos DB, you create the containers shown in the following table.

Container ID	Partition key	Unique key
Container1	/category	None
Container2	/id	/importance

You add the following item to Container1.

```
{
  "id": "1",
  "category": "personal",
  "name": "Name1",
  "description": "Description1"
}
```

You plan to add items to Azure Cosmos DB as shown in the following table.

Name	Content
Item1	{ "id": "1", "category": "personal", "name": "Name1", "description": "Description1" }
Item2	{ "category": "business", "name": "Name2", "description": "Description2" "importance": "High" }
Item3	{ "id": "3", "name": "Name3", "description": "Description3" }
Item4	{ "id": "4", "importance": "Low" }

You need to identify which items can be added successfully to Container1 and Container2.
 What should you identify for each container? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Container1:

▼

Item2 only

Item1 and Item2 only

Item3 and Item4 only

Item2, Item3, and Item4 only

Item1, Item2, Item3, and Item4

Container2:

▼

Item4 only

Item2 and Item4 only

Item1, Item3, and Item4 only

Item1, Item2, Item3, and Item4

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Container1:

	▼
Item2 only	
Item1 and Item2 only	
Item3 and Item4 only	
Item2, Item3, and Item4 only	
Item1, Item2, Item3, and Item4	

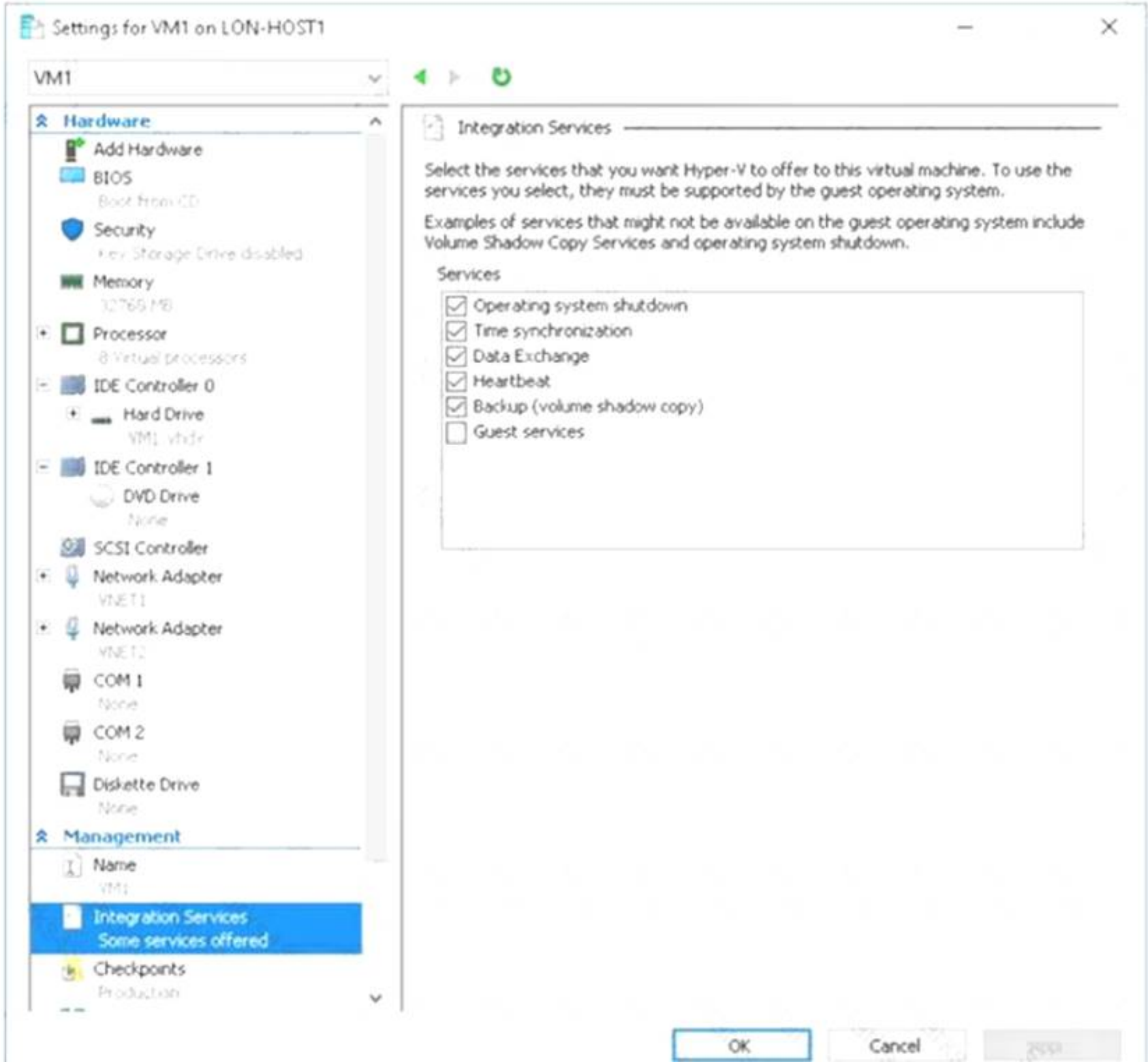
Container2:

	▼
Item4 only	
Item2 and Item4 only	
Item1, Item3, and Item4 only	
Item1, Item2, Item3, and Item4	

NEW QUESTION 42

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an on-premises virtual machine named VM1 configured as shown in the following exhibit.



VM is started.

You need to create a new virtual machine image in Azure from VM1.

Which three actions should you perform before you create the new image? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Remove the Backup (volume shadow copy) integration service
- B. Generalize VM1
- C. Run Add-AzureRmVhd and specify a blob service container as the destination
- D. Run Add-AzureRmVhd and specify a file share as the destination
- E. Reduce the amount of memory to 16 GB
- F. Convert the disk type to VHD

Answer: BCF

NEW QUESTION 43

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2019. Server1 is a container host. You are creating a Dockerfile to build a container image.

You need to add a file named File1.txt from Server1 to a folder named C:\Folder1 in the container image. Solution: You add the following line to the Dockerfile.

COPY File1.txt C:/Folder1/

You then build the container image. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Copy is the correct command to copy a file to the container image but the root directory is specified as '/' and not as 'C:/'.

References:

https://docs.docker.com/develop/develop-images/dockerfile_best-practices/#add-or-copy <https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/>

NEW QUESTION 44

- (Exam Topic 2)

You create a container image named Image1 on a developer workstation.

You plan to create an Azure Web App for Containers named WebAppContainer that will use Image1. You need to upload Image1 to Azure. The solution must ensure that WebAppContainer can use Image1. To which storage type should you upload Image1?

- A. Azure Container Registry
- B. an Azure Storage account that contains a blob container
- C. an Azure Storage account that contains a file share
- D. Azure Container Instances

Answer: A

Explanation:

Configure registry credentials in web app.

App Service needs information about your registry and image to pull the private image. In the Azure portal, go to Container settings from the web app and update the Image source, Registry and save.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/devops/pipelines/targets/webapp-on-container-linux>

NEW QUESTION 45

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have resources in three Azure regions. Each region contains two virtual machines. Each virtual machine has a public IP address assigned to its network interface and a locally installed application named App1.

You plan to implement Azure Front Door-based load balancing across all the virtual machines.

You need to ensure that App1 on the virtual machines will only accept traffic routed from Azure Front Door. What should you implement?

- A. Azure Private Link
- B. service endpoints
- C. network security groups (NSGs) with service tags
- D. network security groups (NSGs) with application security groups

Answer: C

Explanation:

Configure IP ACLing for your backends to accept traffic from Azure Front Door's backend IP address space and Azure's infrastructure services only. Refer the IP details below for ACLing your backend:

➤ Refer AzureFrontDoor.Backend section in Azure IP Ranges and Service Tags for Front Door's IPv4 backend IP address range or you can also use the service tag AzureFrontDoor.Backend in your network security groups.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/frontdoor/front-door-faq>

NEW QUESTION 48

- (Exam Topic 2)

Your company plans to develop an application that will use a NoSQL database. The database will be used to store transactions and customer information by using JSON documents. Which two Azure Cosmos DB APIs can developers use for the application? Each correct answer presents a complete solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Cassandra
- B. Gremlin (graph)
- C. MongoDB
- D. Azure Table
- E. Core (SQL)

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 49

- (Exam Topic 2)

You create the following Azure role definition.

```
{
  "Name": "Role1",
  "Id": "80808080-8080-8080-8080-808080808080",
  "IsCustom": false,
  "Description": "",
  "Actions": [
    "Microsoft.Storage/*/read",
    "Microsoft.Network/*/read",
    "Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/start/action",
    "Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/restart/action",
    "Microsoft.Authorization/*/read"],
  "NotActions": [ ],
  "DataActions": [ ],
  "NotDataActions": [ ],
  "AssignableScopes": [ ]
}
```

You need to create Role1 by using the role definition.

Which two values should you modify before you create Role1? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. AssignableScopes
- B. Description
- C. DataActions
- D. IsCustom
- E. Id

Answer: AD

Explanation:

Part of example: "IsCustom": true,

"AssignableScopes": ["/subscriptions/{subscriptionId1}", "/subscriptions/{subscriptionId2}",

"/subscriptions/{subscriptionId3}"

The following shows what a custom role looks like as displayed in JSON format. This custom role can be used for monitoring and restarting virtual machines.

```
{
  "Name": "Virtual Machine Operator",
  "Id": "88888888-8888-8888-8888-888888888888",
  "IsCustom": true,
  "Description": "Can monitor and restart virtual machines.", "Actions": [
    "Microsoft.Storage/*/read", "Microsoft.Network/*/read", "Microsoft.Compute/*/read", "Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/start/action",
    "Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/restart/action", "Microsoft.Authorization/*/read", "Microsoft.ResourceHealth/availabilityStatuses/read",
    "Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions/resourceGroups/read", "Microsoft.Insights/alertRules/*", "Microsoft.Insights/diagnosticSettings/*", "Microsoft.Support/*"
  ],
  "NotActions": [],
  "DataActions": [], "NotDataActions": [], "AssignableScopes": [ "/subscriptions/{subscriptionId1}",
    "/subscriptions/{subscriptionId2}", "/subscriptions/{subscriptionId3}"
  ]
}
```

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/role-based-access-control/custom-roles>

NEW QUESTION 52

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company is deploying an on-premises application named Appl. Users will access App1 by using a URL of <https://app1.contoso.com>. You register App1 in Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and publish Appl by using the Azure AD Application Proxy. You need to ensure that Appl appears in the My Apps portal for all the users.

Solution: You create a conditional access policy for App1.

- A. Yes
B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 57

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that contains the user groups shown in the following table.

Name	Role	Member of
User1	Global administrator	<i>None</i>
User2	User administrator	Group1
User3	Password administrator	Group1
User4	<i>None</i>	Group1

You enable self-service password reset (SSPR) for Group1.

You configure the Notifications settings as shown in the following exhibit.

 Save  Discard

Notify users on password resets? ⓘ

Yes No

Notify all admins when other admins reset their password? ⓘ

Yes No

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

Statements	Yes	No
User1 gets a notification when User3 resets her password by using SSPR.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
User3 gets a notification when User3 resets her password by using SSPR.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
User1 gets a notification when User2 resets the password of User4.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Yes

Notify all admins when other admins reset their passwords: Yes. Box 2: No

Notify users on password resets: No. Box 3: No

> Notify users on password resets

If this option is set to Yes, then users resetting their password receive an email notifying them that their password has been changed. The email is sent via the SSPR portal to their primary and alternate email addresses that are on file in Azure AD. No one else is notified of the reset event.

> Notify all admins when other admins reset their passwords

If this option is set to Yes, then all administrators receive an email to their primary email address on file in Azure AD. The email notifies them that another administrator has changed their password by using SSPR.

Example: There are four administrators in an environment. Administrator A resets their password by using SSPR. Administrators B, C, and D receive an email alerting them of the password reset.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/authentication/concept-sspr-howitworks> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/authentication/tutorial-enable-sspr>

NEW QUESTION 60

- (Exam Topic 2)

You are developing an Azure Web App. You configure TLS mutual authentication for the web app.

You need to validate the client certificate in the web app. To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Property	Value
Client certificate location	<div><div></div><div>▼</div><div>HTTP request header</div><div>Client cookie</div><div>HTTP message body</div><div>URL query string</div></div>
Encoding type	<div><div></div><div>▼</div><div>HTML</div><div>URL</div><div>Unicode</div><div>Base64</div></div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Property	Value
Client certificate location	<div><div></div><div>▼</div><div>HTTP request header</div><div>Client cookie</div><div>HTTP message body</div><div>URL query string</div></div>
Encoding type	<div><div></div><div>▼</div><div>HTML</div><div>URL</div><div>Unicode</div><div>Base64</div></div>

NEW QUESTION 65

- (Exam Topic 2)

The developers at your company request that you create databases in Azure Cosmos DB as shown in the following table.

Name	Requirement
CosmosDB1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Provides a throughput of 1,200 RU/s• Has multiple write regions• Uses the Core (SQL) API
CosmosDB2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Provides a throughput of 800 RU/s• Uses the MongoDB API
CosmosDB3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Provides a throughput of 1,200 RU/s• Has only one write region• Uses the Core (SQL) API
CosmosDB4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Provides a throughput of 2,000 RU/s• Uses the MongoDB API

You need to create the Azure Cosmos DB databases to meet the developer request. The solution must minimize costs.

What are two possible ways to achieve the goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create three Azure Cosmos DB accounts, one for the databases that use the Core (SQL) API, one for CosmosDB2, and one for CosmosDB4.
B. Create two Azure Cosmos DB accounts, one for CosmosDB2 and CosmosDB4 and one for CosmosDB1 and CosmosDB3.
C. Create one Azure Cosmos DB account for each database.
D. Create three Azure Cosmos DB accounts, one for the databases that use the MongoDB API, one for CosmosDB1, and one for CosmosDB3.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

Note:

Microsoft recommends using the same API for all access to the data in a given account.

One throughput provisioned container per subscription for SQL, Gremlin API, and Table accounts. Up to three throughput provisioned collections per subscription for MongoDB accounts.

The throughput provisioned on an Azure Cosmos container is exclusively reserved for that container. The container receives the provisioned throughput all the time.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/set-throughput#set-throughput-on-a-container>

NEW QUESTION 70

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure Resource Manager template named Template1 in the library as shown in the following exhibit.

ARM Template

template1

```
1  {
2    "$schema": "https://schema.management.azure.com/
schemas/2015-01-01/deploymentTemplate.json#",
3    "contentVersion": "1.0.0.0",
4    "parameters": {},
5    "resources": [
6      {
7        "apiVersion": "2016-01-01",
8        "type": "Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts",
9        "name": "[concat(copyIndex(), 'storage',
uniqueString(resourceGroup().id))]",
10       "location": "[resourceGroup().location]",
11       "sku": {
12         "name": "Premium_LRS"
13       },
14       "kind": "Storage",
15       "properties": {},
16       "copy": {
17         "name": "storagecopy",
18         "count": 3,
19         "mode": "Serial",
20         "batchSize": 1
21       }
22     ]
23   }
24 ]
25 }
```

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

During the deployment of Template1,
you can specify **[answer choice]**.

	▼
the number of resources to deploy	
the name of the resources to deploy	
the resource group to which to deploy the resources	
the permissions for the resources that will be deployed	

Template1 deploys **[answer choice]**.

	▼
a single storage account in one resource group	
three storage accounts in one resource group	
three resource groups that each has one storage account	
three resource groups that each has three storage accounts	

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/templates/template-syntax>

NEW QUESTION 72

.....

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