

## 201 Dumps

### TMOS Administration

<https://www.certleader.com/201-dumps.html>



**NEW QUESTION 1**

A BIG-IP Administrator adds new Pool Members into an existing, highly utilized pool. Soon after, there are reports that the application is failing to load for some users. What pool level setting should the BIG-IP Administrator check?

- A. Availability Requirement
- B. Allow SNAT
- C. Action On Service Down
- D. Slow Ramp Time

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

Option ABC is a global configuration, has nothing to do with the new pool member, select D after excluding

**NEW QUESTION 2**

A BIG-IP Administrator defines a device Self IP . The Self IP is NOT reachable from the network. What should the BIG-IP Administrator verify first?

- A. The correct interface has been selected.
- B. The correct VLAN has been selected.
- C. Verify if auto last hop is disabled.
- D. The correct Trunk has been selected.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 3**

Which three iRule events are likely to be seen in iRules designed to select a pool for load balancing? (Choose three.)

- A. CLIENT\_DATA
- B. SERVER\_DATA
- C. HTTP\_REQUEST
- D. HTTP\_RESPONSE
- E. CLIENT\_ACCEPTED
- F. SERVER\_SELECTED
- G. SERVER\_CONNECTED

**Answer: ACE**

**NEW QUESTION 4**

A BIG-IP Administrator explicitly creates a traffic group on a BIG-IP device.

Which two types of configuration objects can be associated with this traffic group? (Choose two.)

- A. Pool Members
- B. Virtual Addresses
- C. iRules
- D. VLANS
- E. Application Instances

**Answer: BE**

**NEW QUESTION 5**

A BIG-IP Administrator uses backend servers to host multiple services per server. There are multiple virtual servers and pools defined, referencing the same backend servers.

Which load balancing algorithm is most appropriate to have an equal number of connections on each backend server?

- A. Least Connections (member)
- B. Least Connections (node)
- C. Predictive (member)
- D. Predictive (node)

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

The same set of servers provides multiple services, that is, using different ports to provide different services at the same time. The stem requirement is based on server connection balancing, not server + port, so it is node.

**NEW QUESTION 6**

How should a BIG-IP Administrator control the amount of traffic that a newly enabled pool member receives.

- A. set the Slow Ramp Time
- B. set a Connection Limit
- C. set the Priority Group Activation
- D. set a Health Monitor

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Slow Ramp Time

Specifies the duration during which the system sends less traffic to a newly-enabled pool member. The amount of traffic is based on the ratio of how long the pool member has been available compared to the slow ramp time, in seconds. Once the pool member has been online for a time greater than the slow ramp time, the pool member receives a full proportion of the incoming traffic. Slow ramp time is particularly useful for the least connections load balancing mode.

Setting this to a nonzero value can cause unexpected Priority Group behavior, such as load balancing to a low-priority member even with enough high-priority servers.

**NEW QUESTION 7**

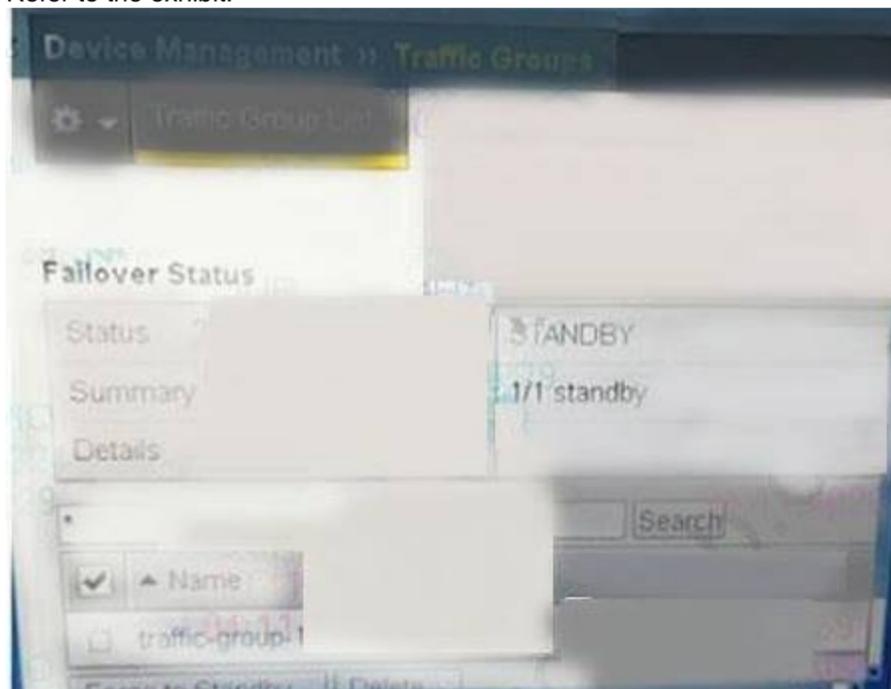
A BIG-IP Administrator needs to load a UCS file but must exclude the license file. How should the administrator perform this task?

- A. From the CLI with command U tmsm load /\$sys ucs <ucs filename> no-license
- B. From the GUI, select the UCS file, uncheck the license box, and click restore
- C. From the CLI with command(tmos)« tmsm load /sys ucs <ucs filename> no-license
- D. From the GUI, select the UCS file and click restore

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 8**

Refer to the exhibit.



A BIG-IP Administrator needs to fall over the active device. The administrator logs into the Configuration Utility and navigates to Device Management > Traffic Group. However, Force to Standby is greyed out. What is causing this issue?

- A. The BIG-IP Administrator is NOT logged into command line to fail over
- B. The BIG-IP Administrator is on the Standby Device
- C. The BIG-IP Administrator is logged in as root
- D. The BIG-IP Administrator is logged in as administrator

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 9**

Which statement is true concerning a functional iRule?

- A. iRules use a proprietary syntax language.
- B. iRules must contain at least one event declaration.
- C. iRules must contain at least one conditional statement.
- D. iRules must contain at least one pool assignment statement.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 10**

A configuration change is made on the standby member of a device group. What is displayed as "Recommended Action" on the Device Management Overview screen?

- A. Force active member of device group to standby
- B. Activate device with the most recent configuration
- C. Synchronize the active member configuration to the group.
- D. Synchronize the standby member configuration to the group

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 10**

A BIG-IP Administrator plans to upgrade a BIG-IP device to the latest TMOS version. Which two tools could the administrator leverage to verify known issues for the target versions? (Choose two.)

- A. F5 University

- B. F5 Downloads
- C. F5 End User Diagnostics (EUD)
- D. FSiHealth
- E. F5 Bug Tracker

**Answer:** DE

**Explanation:**

F5 University -- F5 learning materials F5 Downloads - iso download page  
F5 End User Diagnostics (EUD) -- Hardware detection

**NEW QUESTION 15**

A BIG-IP Administrator suspects that one of the BIG-IP device power supplies is experiencing power outages. Which log file should the BIG-IP Administrator check to verify the suspicion?

- A. /var /log/daemon.log
- B. /var/log/kern.log
- C. /var/log/ltn
- D. /var/log/audit

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 19**

A BIG-IP has a virtual server at 150.150.10.10:80 with SNAT automap configured. This BIG-IP also has a SNAT at 150.150.10.11 set for a source address range of 200.200.1.0 / 255.255.255.0. All other settings are at their default states. If a client with the IP address 200.200.1.1 sends a request to the virtual server, what is the source IP address when the associated packet is sent to the pool member?

- A. 200.200.1.1
- B. 150.150.10.11
- C. Floating self IP address on VLAN where the packet leaves the system
- D. Floating self IP address on VLAN where the packet arrives on the system

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 21**

Which file should the BIG-IP Administrator check to determine when a Virtual Server changed its status

- A. /var/log/audit
- B. /var/log/lastlog
- C. /var/log/tm
- D. /var/log/monitors

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 23**

Refer to the exhibit.

During a planned upgrade to a BIG-IP HA pair running Active/Standby, an outage to application traffic is reported shortly after the Active unit is forced to Standby. Reverting the flow resolves the outage. What should the BIG-IP Administrator modify to avoid an outage during the next failover event?

- A. The Tag value on the Standby device
- B. The interface on the Active device to 1.1
- C. The Tag value on the Active device
- D. The Interface on the Standby device to 1.1

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 24**

Which statement is true concerning iRule events?

- A. All iRule events relate to HTTP processes.
- B. All client traffic has data that could be used to trigger iRule events.
- C. All iRule events are appropriate at any point in the clientserver communication.
- D. If an iRule references an event that doesn't occur during the client's communication, the client's connection will be terminated prematurely.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 26**

A site has assigned the ICMP monitor to all nodes and a custom monitor, based on the HTTP template, to a pool of web servers. The HTTP based monitor is working in all cases. The ICMP monitor is failing for 2 of the pool member 5 nodes. All other settings are default. What is the status of the monitor is working in all cases?

- A. All pool members are up since the HTTPbased monitor is successful.
- B. All pool members are down since the ICMPbased monitor is failing in some cases.
- C. The pool members whose nodes are failing the ICMPbased monitor will be marked disabled.
- D. The pool members whose nodes are failing the ICMPbased monitor will be marked unavailable.

**Answer:**

D

**NEW QUESTION 27**

A BIG-IP Administrator need to ensure that a pool member and down by the monitor the BIG-IP system sends existing connections to another be pool member. Which should the BIG-IP Administrator perform to meet this goal?

- A. Set Action on Service Down sing under the server configuration to reselect.
- B. Reconfigure the pool motor members as UP.
- C. Enable mirroring within the persistence profile.
- D. Set Action Service Down setting under the pool configuration to reselect.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 30**

What is the purpose of floating self-IP addresses?

- A. to define an address that grants administrative access to either system at any time
- B. to define an address that allows either system to initiate communication at any time
- C. to define an address that allows network devices to route traffic via a single IP address
- D. to define an address that gives network devices greater flexibility in choosing a path to forward traffic

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 33**

Which IP address will the client address be changed to when SNAT automap is specified within a Virtual Server configuration?

- A. The floating self-IP address on the VLAN where the packet leaves the system.
- B. The floating self-IP address on the VLAN where the packet arrives on the system.
- C. It will alternate between the floating and non floating self-IP address on the VLAN where the packet leaves the system so that port exhaustion is avoided.
- D. It will alternate between the floating and non floating self-IP address on the VLAN where the packet arrives on the system so that port exhaustion is avoided.

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 35**

Refer to the exhibit.



A BIG-IP Administrator creates a new Virtual Server to load balance SSH traffic. Users are unable to log on to the servers. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to resolve the issue?

- A. Set Protocol to UDP
- B. Set HTTP Profile to None
- C. Set Source Address to 10.1.1.2
- D. Set Destination Addresses/Mask to 0.0.0.0/0

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 36**

Assuming that systems are synchronized, which action could take place if the fail over cable is connected correctly and working properly, but the systems cannot communicate over the network due to external network problems?

- A. If network failover is enabled, the standby system will assume the active mode.
- B. Whether or not network failover is enabled, the standby system will stay in standby mode.
- C. Whether or not network failover is enabled, the standby system will assume the active mode.
- D. If network failover is enabled, the standby system will go into active mode but only until the network recovers.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 39**

An LTM device has a virtual server mapped to www.f5.com with a pool assigned. Users report that when browsing, they are periodically required to re-login to /resources/201.1.7.b.2\_l.com. The objects are defined as follows:

Virtual server. Destination 192.168.245.100:443 netmask 255.255.255.0 Persistence: SSL session persistence

Profiles: HTTP/TCP

Which persistence method should the BIG-IP Administrator apply to resolve this issue?

- A. Source address affinity
- B. hexadecimal
- C. SIP
- D. Destination address affinity

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 44

Monitors can be assigned to which three resources? (Choose three.)

- A. NATs
- B. pools
- C. iRules
- D. nodes
- E. SNATs
- F. pool members
- G. virtual servers

**Answer: BDF**

#### NEW QUESTION 48

During a maintenance window, an EUD test was executed and the output displayed on the screen. The BIG-IP Administrator did NOT save the screen output. The BIG-IP device is currently handling business critical traffic. The BIG-IP Administrator needs to minimize impact. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to provide the EUD results to F5 Support?

- A. Boot the device into EUD then collect output from console
- B. Execute EUD from tmsh and collect output from console
- C. Collect file /var/log/messages
- D. Collect file /shared/log/eud.log

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 50

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to remove a pool specific health monitor. There is a pool named Best Pool with two members, one named Best pool member and one named Best pool member2. In the Local Traffic section of the administrative GUI, which steps should the BIG-IP Administrator take to remove a pool level monitor?

- A. Pool > Pool List > Best Pool > Members > Health Monitors
- B. Nodes > Node List > Best \_pool\_member1 > Health Monitors
- C. Monitors > Monitor Name > Instances
- D. Pool > Pool List > Best Pool > Health Monitors

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 55

If a client's browser does not accept cookies, what occurs when the client connects to a virtual server using cookie persistence?

- A. The connection request is not processed.
- B. The connection request is sent to a policy server.
- C. The connection request is loadbalanced to an available pool member.
- D. The connection request is refused and the client is sent a "server not available" message.

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 60

You have a pool of servers that need to be tested. All of the servers but one should be tested every 10 seconds, but one is slower and should only be tested every 20 seconds. How do you proceed?

- A. It cannot be done
- B. All monitors test every five seconds.
- C. It can be done, but will require assigning monitors to each pool member.
- D. It cannot be done
- E. All of the members of a pool must be tested at the same frequency.
- F. It can be done by assigning one monitor to the pool and a different monitor to the slower pool member.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 63

A BIG-IP Administrator makes a configuration change to the BIG-IP device. Which file logs the message regarding the configuration change?

- A. /var/log/messages

- B. /var/log/audit
- C. /var/log/user.log
- D. /var/log/secure

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

About audit logging

Audit logging is an optional feature that logs messages whenever a BIG-IP® system object, such as a virtual server or a load balancing pool, is created (that is, created, modified, or deleted). The BIG-IP system logs the messages for these auditing events in the file /var/log/audit

There are three ways that objects can be configured

- By user action
- By system action
- By loading configuration data

Whenever an object is configured in one of these ways, the BIG-IP system logs a message to the audit log

**NEW QUESTION 66**

Refer to the exhibit.

A user notifies the BIG-IP Administrator that <http://remote.company.com> is NOT accessible. Remote access to company resources must be encrypted. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to fix the issue?

- A. Change the Listening Port on remote.company.com\_vs to Port 80
- B. Add a Pool to the Virtual Server remote.company.com\_VS
- C. Add an iRule to remote.company.com\_vs to redirect Traffic to HTTPS
- D. Change the Type of the Virtual Server remote.company.com\_vs to Forwarding

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

Requiring all traffic to be HTTPS access requires HTTP requests to be redirected directly to HTTPS.

**NEW QUESTION 70**

A BIG-IP system has the following configuration:

- \* SNAT is set to Auto Map
  - \* There are two VLANs internal and external
  - \* Default route is pointed to the gateway on external VLAN
  - \* Self IP for internal VLAN is 192.1.1.2
  - \* Self IP for external VLAN is 192.1.2.2
  - \* Floating IP addresses for internal VLAN is 192.1.1.1
  - \* Floating IP addresses for external VLAN is 192.1.2.1
  - \* The Virtual Server IP address is 192.1.1.100
- Which IP address does the BIG-IP system use first when traffic reaches the servers on the internal VLAN?

- A. 192.1.1.100
- B. 192.1.2.2
- C. 192.1.1.1
- D. 192.1.2.1

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 71**

Which statement describes a typical purpose of iRules?

- A. iRules can be used to add individual control characters to an HTTP data stream.
- B. iRules can be used to update the timers on monitors as a server load changes.
- C. iRules can examine a server response and remove it from a pool if the response is unexpected.
- D. iRules can be used to look at client requests and server responses to choose a pool member to select for load balancing

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 73**

Which three methods can be used for initial access to a BIG-IP system? (Choose three.)

- A. CLI access to the serial console port
- B. SSH access to the management port
- C. SSH access to any of the switch ports
- D. HTTP access to the management port
- E. HTTP access to any of the switch ports
- F. HTTPS access to the management port
- G. HTTPS access to any of the switch ports

**Answer:** ABF

**NEW QUESTION 78**

Given that VLAN failsafe is enabled on the external VLAN and the network that the active BIG-IP's external VLAN is connected to has failed, which statement is always true about the results?

- A. The active system will note the failure in the HA table.

- B. The active system will reboot and the standby system will go into active mode.
- C. The active system will failover and the standby system will go into active mode.
- D. The active system will restart the traffic management module to eliminate the possibility that BIG-IP is the cause for the network failure.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 81**

A BIG-IP Administrator is receiving intermittent reports from users that SSL connections to the BIG-IP device are failing. Upon checking the log files, the BIG-IP Administrator notices the following error message:

ere tmm<instance>[<pid>]: 01260008:3: SSL transaction (TPS) rate limit reached

After reviewing statistics, the BIG-IP Administrator notices there are a maximum of 1200 client-side SSL TPS and a maximum of 800 server-side SSL TPS.

What is the minimum SSL license limit capacity the BIG-IP Administrator should upgrade to handle this peak?

- A. 2000
- B. 400
- C. 800
- D. 1200

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 82**

Active connections to pool members are unevenly distributed. The load balancing method is Least Connections (member) Priority Group Activation is disabled. What is a potential cause of the event distribution?

- A. Priority Group Activation is disabled
- B. SSL Profile Server is applied
- C. Persistence profile is applied
- D. incorrect load balancing method

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 83**

You need to terminate client SSL traffic at the BIG-IP and also to persist client traffic to the same pool member based on a BIG IP supplied cookie. Which four are profiles that would normally be included in the virtual server's definition? (Choose four.)

- A. TCP
- B. HTTP
- C. HTTPS
- D. ClientSSL
- E. ServerSSL
- F. CookieBased Persistence

**Answer:** ABDF

**NEW QUESTION 84**

A virtual server is listening at 10.10.1.100:80 and has the following iRule associated with it:

```
when HTTP_REQUEST { if { [HTTP::header UserAgent] contains "MSIE" }
```

```
{ pool MSIE_pool }
```

```
else { pool Mozilla_pool }
```

If a user connects to <http://10.10.1.100/foo.html> and their browser does not specify a UserAgent, which pool will receive the request?

- A. MSIE\_pool
- B. Mozilla\_pool
- C. Non
- D. The request will be dropped.
- E. Unknow
- F. The pool cannot be determined from the information provided.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 87**

Refer of the exhibit.

```
show /cm device bigip1.local bigip3.local
```

```
-----
CentMgmt::Device: bigip1.local
-----
```

```

Hostname                bigip3.local
Mgmt Ip                 172.1.1.233
Configsync Ip          10.1.1.43
Mirroring IP           ::
Mirroring Secondary IP ::
Failover Multicast IP  ::
Failover Unicast IP(s) 10.1.1.43
Device HA State        standby
Device HA Load Capacity 0
Device Current Load Factor 0
Device Next Active Load Factor 0
Time Delta to Local Device (sec) 12

```

The 816-IP Administrator runs the command shown and observes a device trust issue between BIG-IP devices in a device group. The issue prevents config sync on device bigip3.local.

What is preventing the config sync?

- A. Next Active Load factor is 0 on bigip1.local
- B. Both devices are standby
- C. Next Active Load factor is 1 on bigip1.local
- D. Time Delta to local system is 12

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Option A should be bigip3.local?. if choose bigip3.local, you should choose A.

**NEW QUESTION 91**

A standard virtual server has been associated with a pool with multiple members. Assuming all other settings are left at their defaults, which statement is always true concerning traffic processed by the virtual server?

- A. The client IP address is unchanged between the client side connection and the serverside connection.
- B. The server IP address is unchanged between the client side connection and the serverside connection.
- C. The TCP ports used in the client side connection are the same as the TCP ports serverside connection.
- D. The IP addresses used in the clientside connection are the same as the IP addresses used in the serverside connection.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 94**

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to apply a health monitor for a pool of database servers named DB\_Pool that uses TCP port 1521. Where should the BIG-IP Administrator apply this monitor?

- A. Local Traffic > Profiles » Protocol > TCP
- B. Local Traffic > Nodes > Default Monitor
- C. Local Traffic > Pools > De Pool > Members
- D. Local Traffic > Pools > DB Pool > Properties

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 99**

Which parameters are set to the same value when a pair of BIG-IP devices are synchronized?

- A. host names
- B. system clocks
- C. profile definitions
- D. VLAN failsafe settings
- E. MAC masquerade addresses

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 101**

A Standard Virtual Server for a web application is configured with Automap for the Source Address Translation option. The original source address of the client must be known by the backend servers. What should the BIG-IP Administrator configure to meet this requirement?

- A. The Virtual Server type as Performance (HTTP)
- B. An HTTP profile to insert the X-Forward-For header
- C. An HTTP Transparent profile
- D. A SNAT Pool with the client IP

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Because it is a web application, you can insert the source IP in the xff field in the http profile.

**NEW QUESTION 104**

A BIG-IP Administrator creates an HTTP Virtual Server using an iApp template. After the Virtual Server is created, the user requests to change the destination IP addresses. The BIG-IP Administrator tries to change the destination IP address from 10.1.1.1 to 10.2.1.1 in Virtual Server settings, but receives the following error: The application service must be updated using an application management interface What is causing this error?

- A. The Application Service was NOT deleted before making the IP address change.
- B. The IP addresses are already in use.
- C. The Application Services have Strict Updates enabled.
- D. The IP addresses used are NOT from the same subnet as the Self IP.

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

Strict Updates : Indicates whether the application service is tied to the template, so when the template is updated, the application service changes to reflect the updates.

**NEW QUESTION 108**

For a given Virtual Server, the BIG-IP must perform SSL Offload and negotiate secure communication over TLSv1.2 only. What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to meet this requirement?

- A. Configure a custom SSL Profile (Client) and select no TLSv1 in the options list
- B. Configure a custom SSL Profile (Client) with a custom TLSV1.2 cipher string
- C. Configure a custom SSL Profile (Server) and select no TLSv1 in the options list
- D. Configure a custom SSL Profile (Server) with a custom TLSV1.2 cipher string

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

no TLSv1 only disables TLS1.0, TLS1.1 is still used and does not meet the requirements.

**NEW QUESTION 111**

A BIG-IP Administrator must determine if a Virtual Address is configured to fail over to the standby member of a device group in which area of the Configuration Utility can this be confirmed?

- A. Device Management > Traffic Groups
- B. Device Management > Devices
- C. Local Traffic > Virtual Servers
- D. Device Management > Overview

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 116**

A virtual server is defined using a source address based persistence profile. The last five connections were A, B, C, A, C . Given the conditions shown in the graphic, if a client with IP address 205.12.45.52 opens a connection to the virtual server, which member will be used for the connection?

- A. 10.10.20.1:80
- B. 10.10.20.2:80
- C. 10.10.20.3:80
- D. 10.10.20.4:80
- E. 10.10.20.5:80

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 120**

A custom HTTP monitor is failing to a pool member 10.10.3.75:8080 that serves up www.example.com. A ping works to the pool member address. The SEND string that the monitor is using is: GET/HTTP/!./r/n/Host.www.example.com/r/n/Connection Close/r/n/r/n Which CLI tool syntax will show that the web server returns the correct HTTP response?

- A. curlhttp://10.10.10.3.75:8080/www.example.com/index.html
- B. curl-header 'Host:www.example.com' http://10.10.3.75:8080/
- C. tracepath 'http://www.example.com:80
- D. tracepath 10.10.3.75:8080 GET /index

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 122**

A BIG-IP Administrator has configured a BIG-IP cluster with remote user authentication against dcOl f5trn.com. Only local users can successfully log into the system. Configsync is also failing.

Which two tools should the BIG-IP Administrator use to further investigate these issues? (Choose two)

- A. ntpq
- B. pam\_timestamp\_check
- C. passwd
- D. pwck
- E. dig

**Answer:** AC

**NEW QUESTION 126**

A BIG-IP device sends out the following SNMP trap:

big-ipo.f5.com - bigipExternalLinkChange Link: 1.0 is DOWN

Where in the BIG-IP Configuration utility should the BIG-IP Administrator verify the current status of Link 1.0?

- A. System > Platform
- B. Network > Trunks > Trunk List
- C. Statistics > Performance > System
- D. Network > Interfaces > Interface List

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

1.1 is a physical interface, you can see the interface status from the physical interface in the network.

**NEW QUESTION 128**

Users report that traffic is negatively affected every time a BIG-IP device fails over. The traffic becomes stabilized after a few minutes.

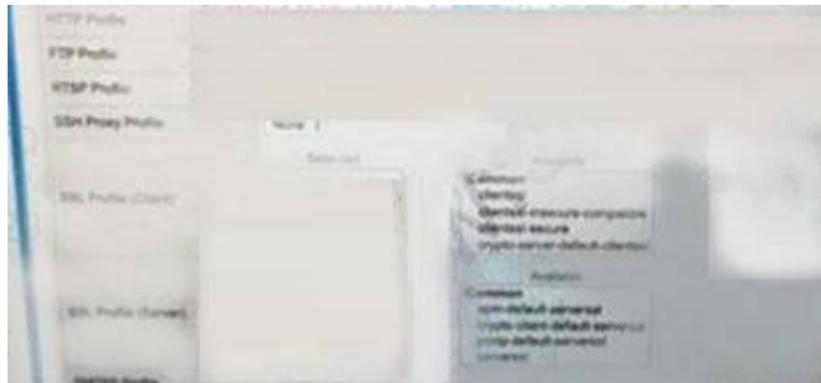
What should the BIG-IP Administrator do to reduce the impact of future failovers?

- A. Enable Failover Multicast Configuration
- B. Set up Failover Method to HA Order
- C. Configure MAC Masquerade
- D. Configure a global SNAT Listener

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 133**

Refer to the exhibit.



A BIG-IP Administrator configures a Virtual Server to handle HTTPS traffic. Users report that the application is NOT working. Which actional configuration is regard to resolve this issue?

- A. Configure SSL Profile (Client)
- B. Configure Protocol Profile (Server)
- C. Configure Service Profile HTTP
- D. Configure SSL Profile (Server)

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 138**

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to configure the BIG-IP system to perform load balancing for FTP servers running passive mode FTP.

How should the administrator configure the Virtual Server to perform this load balancing?

- A. A Standard Virtual Server + FTP profile
- B. A Forwarding Virtual Server
- C. A Performance Layer 4 Virtual Server + FTP profile
- D. A Message Routing Virtual Server

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 139**

Which statement is true concerning SNATs using automap?

- A. Only specified self-IP addresses are used as automap addresses.
- B. SNATs using automap will translate all client addresses to an automap address.

- C. A SNAT using automap will preferentially use a floating self-IP over a nonfloating self-IP.
- D. A SNAT using automap can be used to translate the source address of all outgoing traffic to the same address regardless of which VLAN the traffic is sent through.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 141**

Which must be sent to the license server to generate a new license?

- A. the system's dossier
- B. the system's host name
- C. the system's base license
- D. the system's purchase order number

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 145**

A BIG-IP Administrator needs to install a HotFix on a standalone BIG-IP device, which has HD1.1 as the Active Boot Location. The BIG-IP Administrator has already re-activated the license and created an UCS archive of the configuration. In which sequence should the BIG-IP Administrator perform the remaining steps?

- A. Install HotFix in HD 1.1, Reboot the BIG-IP device
- B. Install UCS Archive
- C. Install HotFix in HD 1.2, Install base Image in HD 1.2, Activate HD1.2
- D. Install base Image in HD1.2, Install HotFix in HD1.2, Activate HD 1.2
- E. Activate HD 1.2, Install base image in HD 1.2. Install HotFix in HD 1.2

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 149**

A site needs to terminate client HTTPS traffic at the BIG-IP and forward that traffic unencrypted. Which two are profile types that must be associated with such a virtual server? (Choose two.)

- A. TCP
- B. HTTP
- C. HTTPS
- D. ClientSSL
- E. ServerSSL

**Answer: AD**

**NEW QUESTION 154**

The BIG-IP Administrator disable all pool members in a pool Users are still able to reach the pool members. What is allowing users to continue to reach the disabled pool members?

- A. A slow to time on Pool
- B. A persistence profile on the Virtual Server
- C. A slow ramp time on virtual Server
- D. A persistence profile on the Pool

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 158**

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